





MORECA

MOnitoring of large scale small holder REforestation projects for CArbon finance mechanisms

Mone Van Geit (WWF), Alix Sotiaux (ULB), Eléonore Wolff (ULB) & Pierre Defourny (UCL)

Eco Makala programme

- Started in 2007. Ongoing
- Reforestation of around 5000ha
- Surroundings of the ViNP (Eastern DRC)
- Small holder fields (0,5-5ha)
- Executed by WWF Goma in collaboration with local associations and farmer-planters
- Charcoal provision to the local population

Forest Carbon projects

 Carbon finance mechanisms as A/R CDM and REDD > requirements > user needs:

- **Eligibility** of the **lands**: a conclusive proof that the lands were not carrying forest between 1990 till present;

- Monitoring of the plantations in terms of carbon uptake estimates.

=>Robust forest monitoring system and methodology are a necessity (and are the counter stones of carbon fin. mechanisms)

Objectives

- Elaboration and validation of a methodology based on optical and radar technology in order to:
 - define the eligibility of lands
 > forest definition (UNFCCC)
 > ref. year 1990
 - monitor a huge number of dispersed plantations
 - > forest/non-forest
 - > carbon uptake estimates

in a cloudy mountainous tropical region

Scientific questions

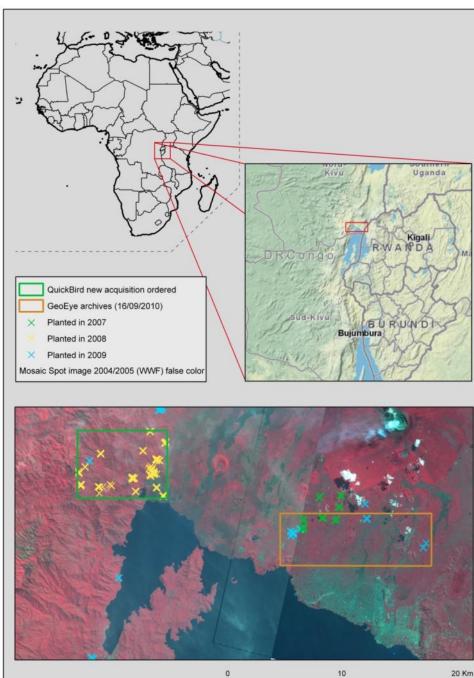
 In the context of a large scale reforestation project (> 1000ha) on dispersed small holder grounds (0.5-5ha) in a cloudy and mountainous tropical region:

- how to define whether a field parcel with a min. surface of 0.5ha is either a forest or not?

- how to estimate the carbon stored in a field parcel with a min. surface of 0.5ha that meets the definition of a forest, based on extrapolation of field measurements?

=>Project design and location makes the use of remote sensing particularly relevant

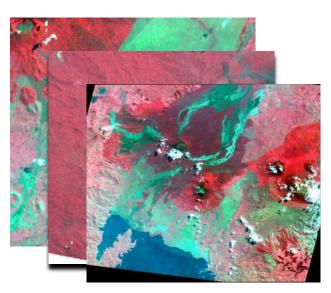
Where?

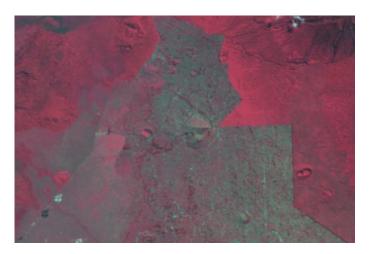




Eligibility map

- HR (Spot) 1990/1995/2000/2010
- Pre-treatment
- Multi-segmentation
- Classification
- → Eligibility map (not forested since 1990)







Change between 2004 and 2009 (Spot images Belspo)

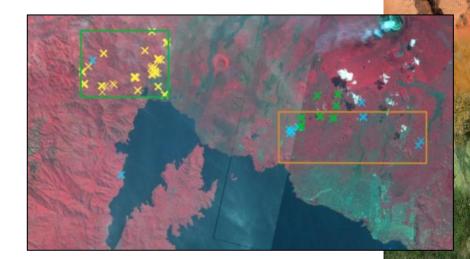
VHR optical and radar

Monitoring of plantations

VHR (GeoEye 2010 XS)

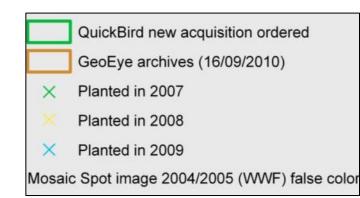
Planted in 2009





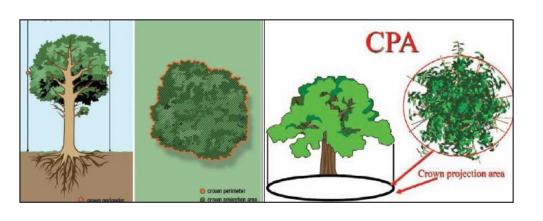
Planted in 2007

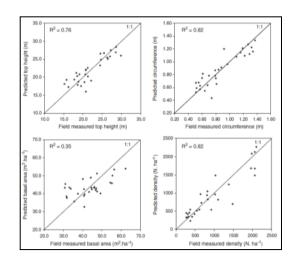




VHR optical and radar

Biomass estimation





 Establish empirical relationships between derived indices and estimates of carbon by multiple regressions (Foody et al., 2003, Lu, 2005)