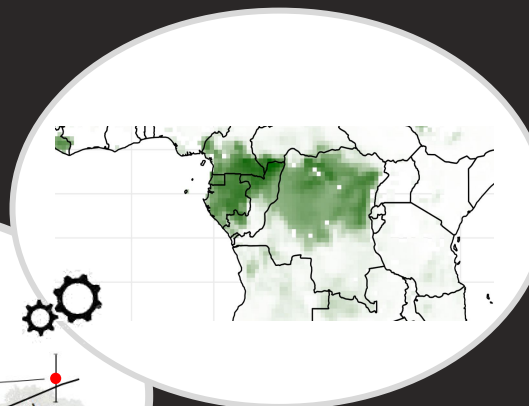
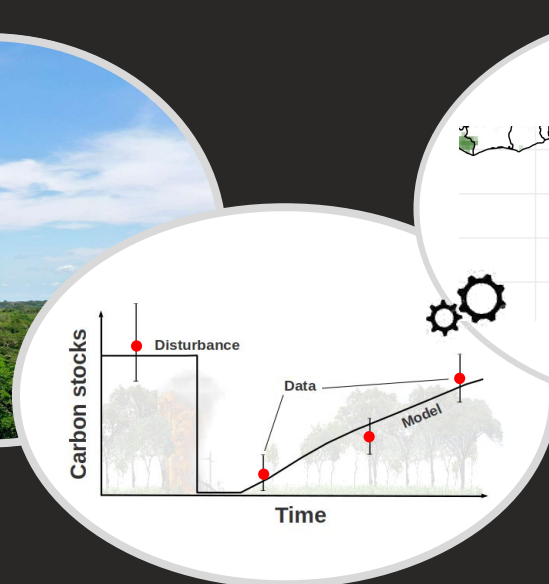


African Forest RecOvery and CARbon Dynamics monitoring through remote Sensing

Jean-François Bastin, Marijn Bauters, Pierre Defourny, Sacha Delecluse,
Félicien Meunier, Baudouin Michel, Sassan Saatchi, Hans Verbeeck



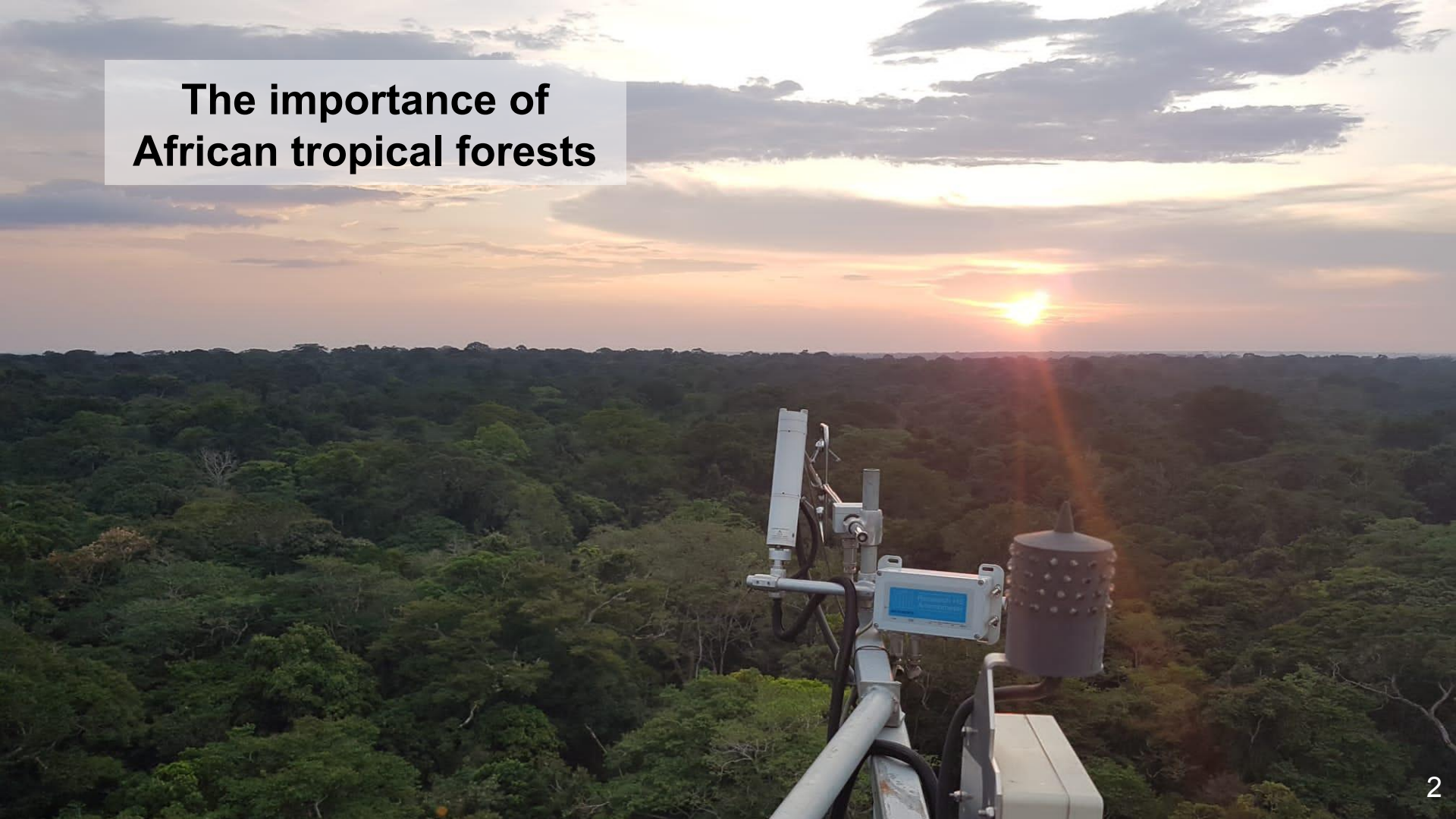
BELSPO - STEREO IV



UCLouvain

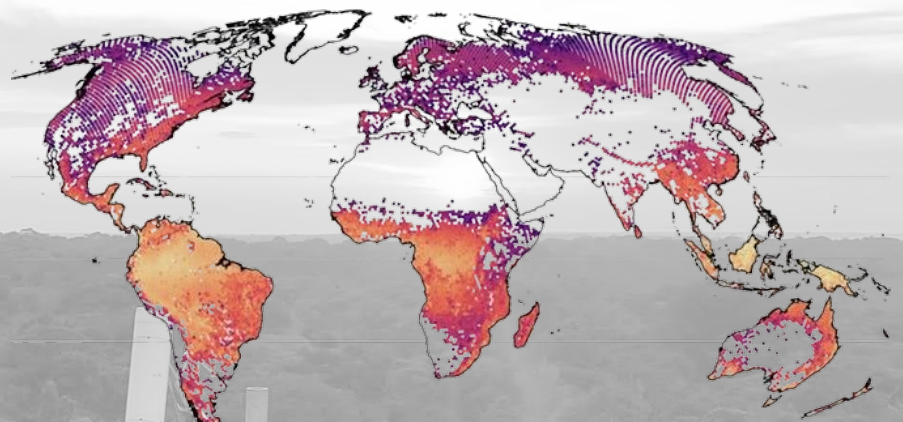


The importance of African tropical forests



The importance of African tropical forests

Biodiversity hotspot



Tree species diversity

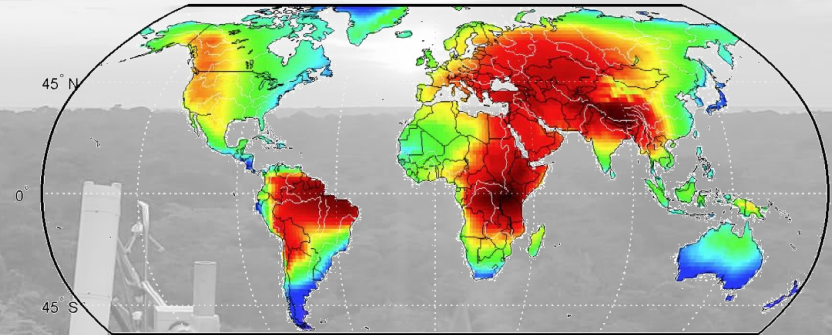


Keil and Chase, NEE, 2019

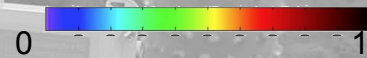
The importance of African tropical forests


Biodiversity hotspot

Engine for the regional hydrological and biogeochemical cycles



Evaporation recycling ratio



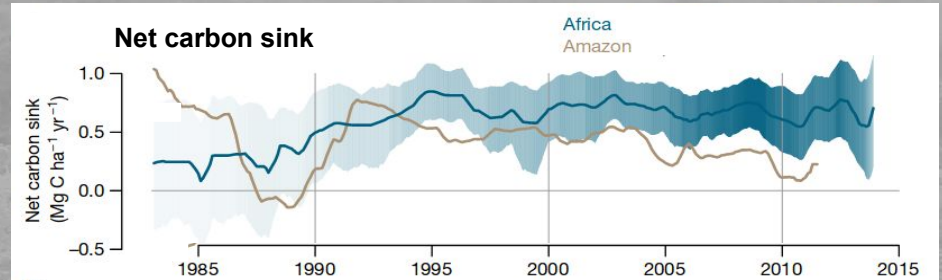
 Van der Ent et al., WRR, 2010

The importance of African tropical forests

Biodiversity hotspot

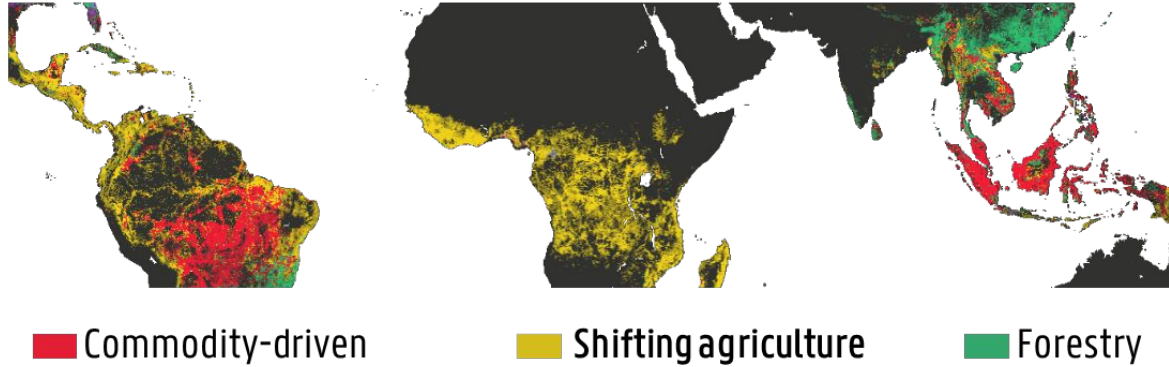
Engine for the regional hydrological and biogeochemical cycles


Important carbon stocks and sinks



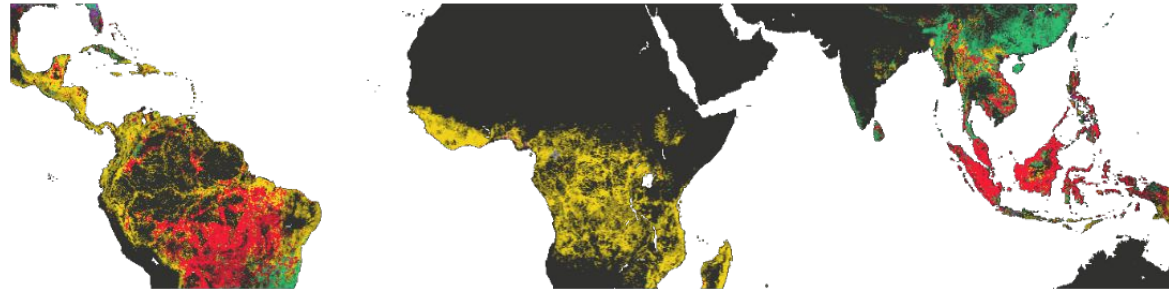
Hubau et al., Nature, 2020

Problem statement



 Curtis et al., Science, 2018

Problem statement

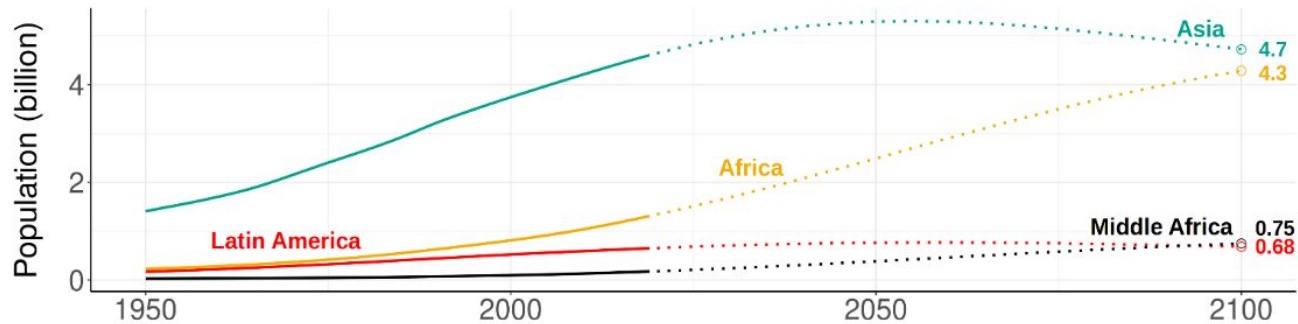


Commodity-driven

Shifting agriculture

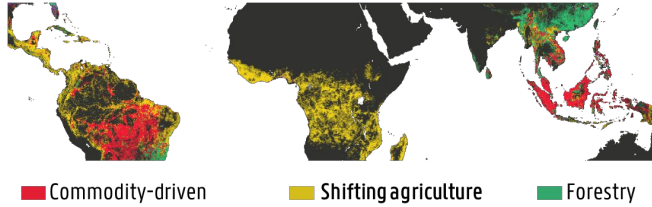
Forestry

Curtis et al., Science, 2018

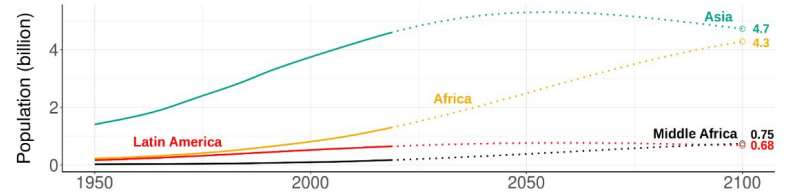


Gerland et al. Science, 2014

Problem statement

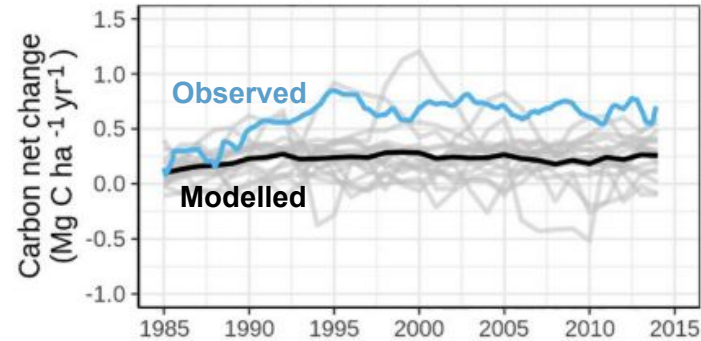


X



Problem statement

*Vegetation models are not capturing present-day African tropical forest
Carbon and functional diversity dynamics*



 Koch et al., Earth's future, 2021

Problem statement

*Vegetation models are not capturing present-day African tropical forest
Carbon and functional diversity dynamics*

 Koch et al., Earth's future, 2021

*Without more data and more specialists, it is impossible to make reliable predictions of Congo
Basin rainforests' responses to changes in climate and land use*

Congo Basin rainforest – invest US\$150 million in science

Lee J. T. White, Eve Bazaiba Masudi, Jules Doret Ndong, Rosalie Matondo, Arlette Soudan-Nonault,
Alfred Ngomanda, Ifo Suspense Averti, Corneille E. N. Ewango, Bonaventure Sonké & Simon L. Lewis

 Nature, 2021

AFRO-CARDS Objectives

1. Build a reference **multiscale forest chronosequence observatory** across the Congo Basin



AFRO-CARDS Objectives

1. Build a reference **multiscale forest chronosequence observatory** across the Congo Basin
2. Quantify and **map deforestation/regrowth** at the regional level



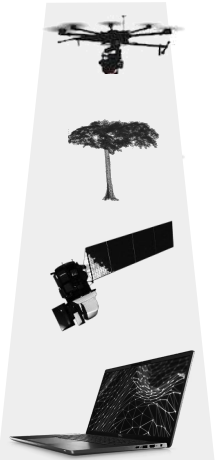
AFRO-CARDS Objectives

1. Build a reference **multiscale forest chronosequence observatory** across the Congo Basin
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3. Assimilate this data and knowledge into a **state-of-the-art land surface model**



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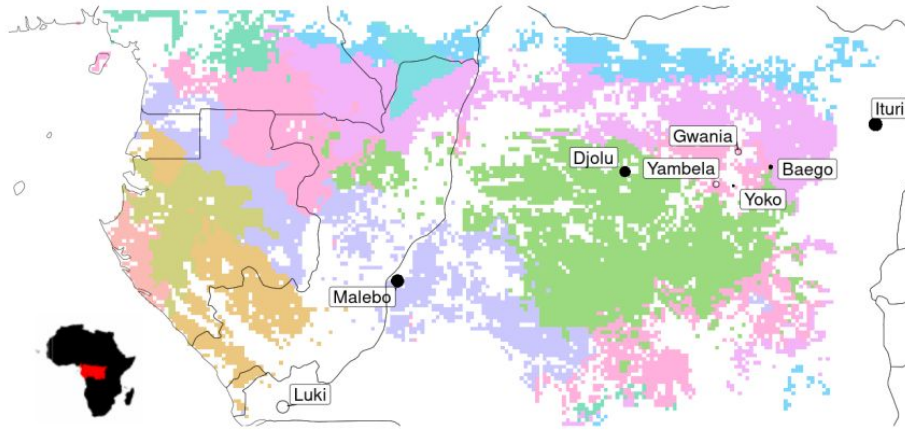


Step-change in our understanding of the current and future carbon cycle of the African tropical forests post-disturbance

Objective I



- Installed
- To be (partly) installed

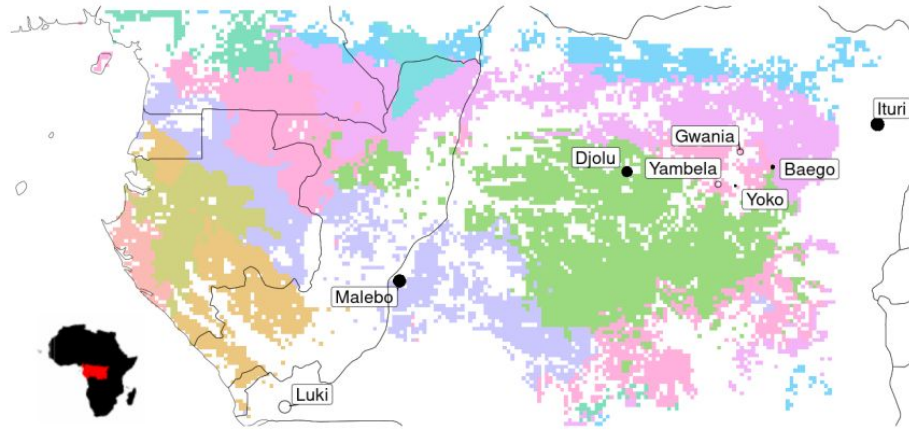


- 50+ ha of chronosequences
- 8 sites
- 178 plots in total (0.16 - 1 ha)
- Functional/structural recovery

Objective I

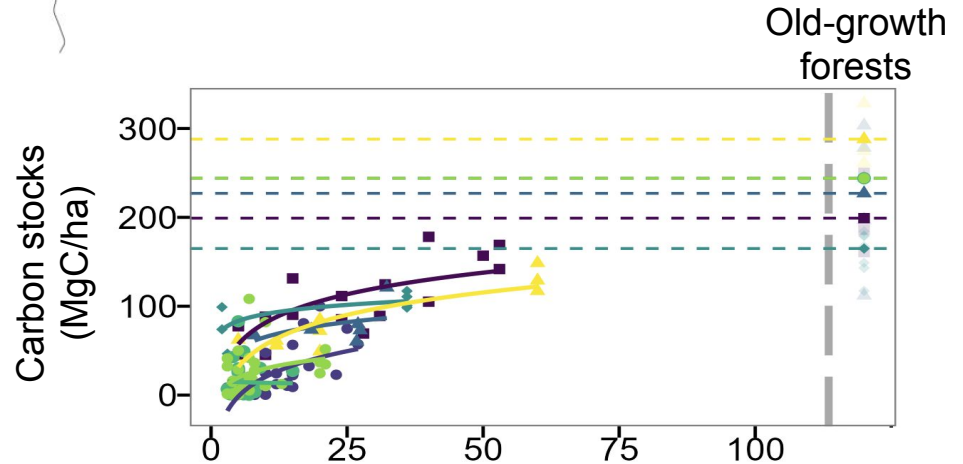


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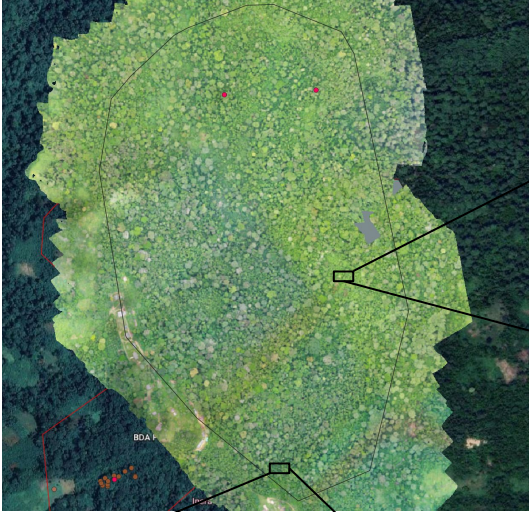


- 50+ ha of chronosequences
- 8 sites
- 178 plots in total (0.16 - 1 ha)
- Functional/structural recovery

- Inventories + trait data
- Drone data acquisition
(RGB + Lidar)



Objective I

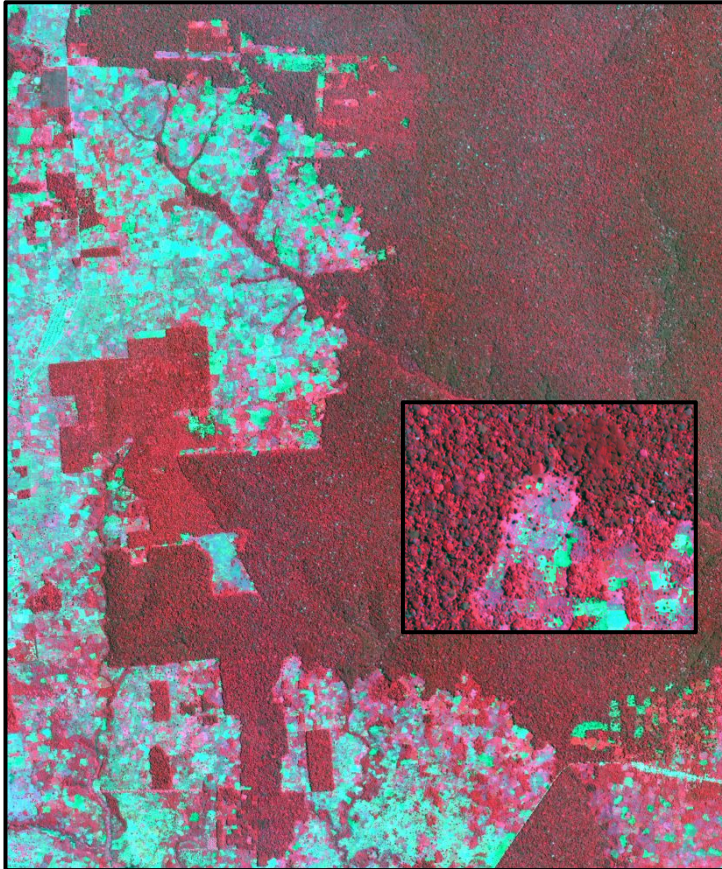


Old-growth forest patch



25yo forest patch

Objective II

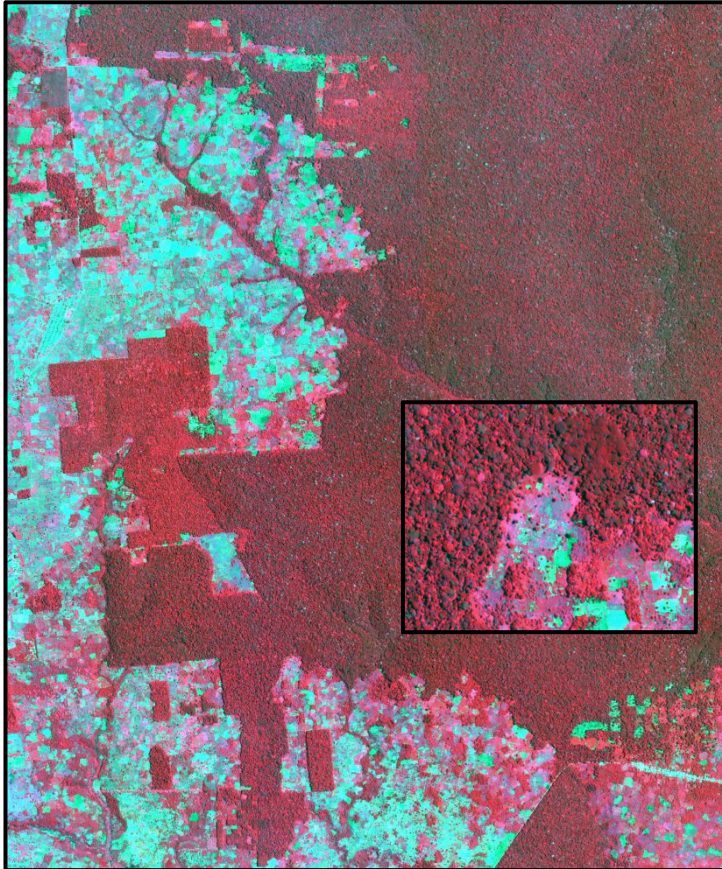


DISTURBANCE:

- Sentinel 2 and Sentinel-1 time series + VHR EO opportunities (Planet, Earth Daily)
- Combined with current operational forest monitoring systems (GFC, TMF, RADD) to characterize disturbance

Example: Planet Image of Yangambi

Objective II



Example: Planet Image of Yangambi

DISTURBANCE:

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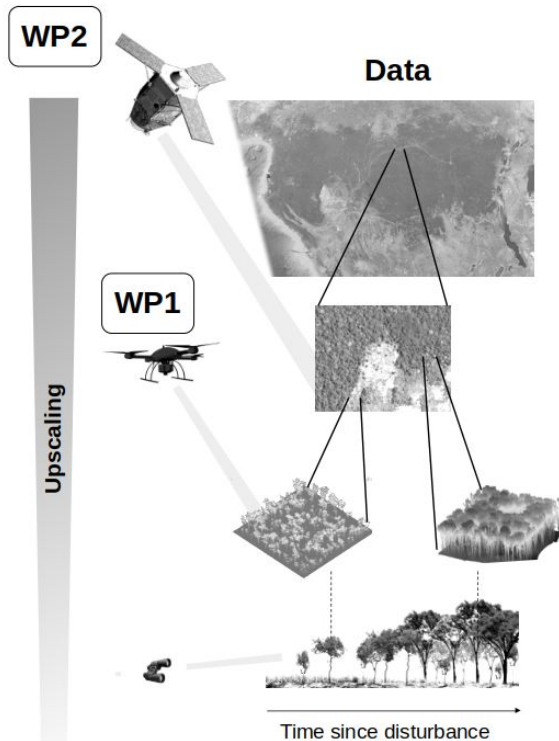
POST-DISTURBANCE:

- New remote-sensed features calibrated on UAV images from VHR (Pleiades, Planet, Earth Daily) and on UAV lidar retrievals (BIOMASS ESA mission)
- Explore hyperspectral signatures (EnMAP, PRISMA images) to capture specific traits

Objective III



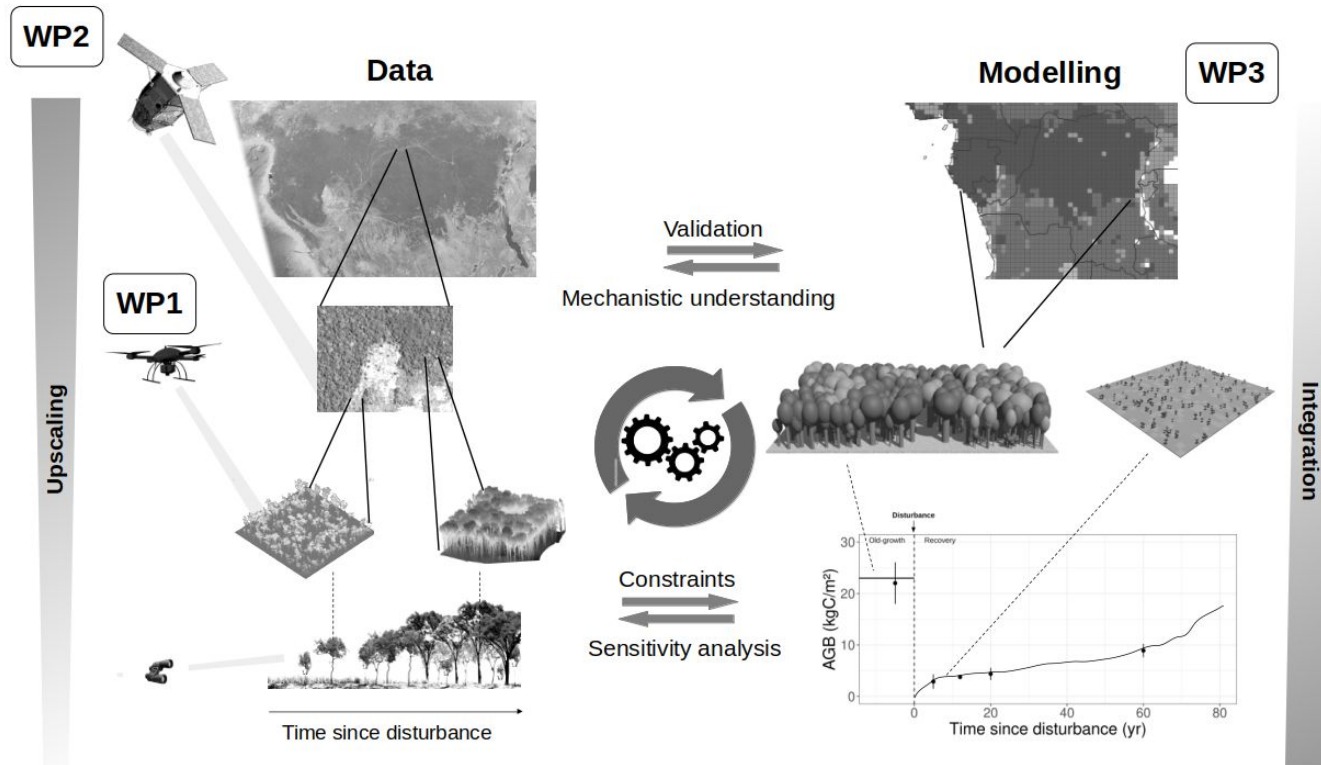
Assimilate up-to-date observational datasets at multi spatio-temporal scales into a state-of-the-art land surface model



Objective III



Assimilate up-to-date observational datasets at multi spatio-temporal scales into a state-of-the-art land surface model



The consortium



- Pierre Defourny
- **Sacha Delecluse**



Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

- Sassan Saatchi



- Hans Verbeeck
- Marijn Bauters
- Félicien Meunier
- **Postdoc**



- Baudouin Michel



- Jean-François Bastin
- **PhD student 2**

The consortium

UCLouvain

- Pierre Defourny
- Sacha Delecluse



Earth Observations



Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

- Sassan Saatchi



UAV monitoring



- Hans Verbeeck
- Marijn Bauters
- Félicien Meunier
- Postdoc



Land surface modelling



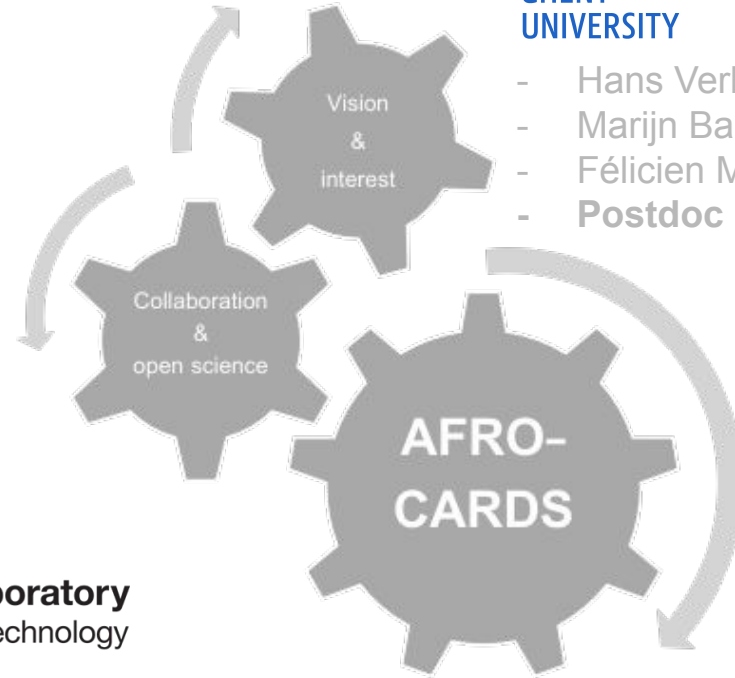
Ground data collection



- Baudouin Michel



- Jean-François Bastin
- PhD student 2



AFRO-CARDS in a nutshell

Relevant and high impact

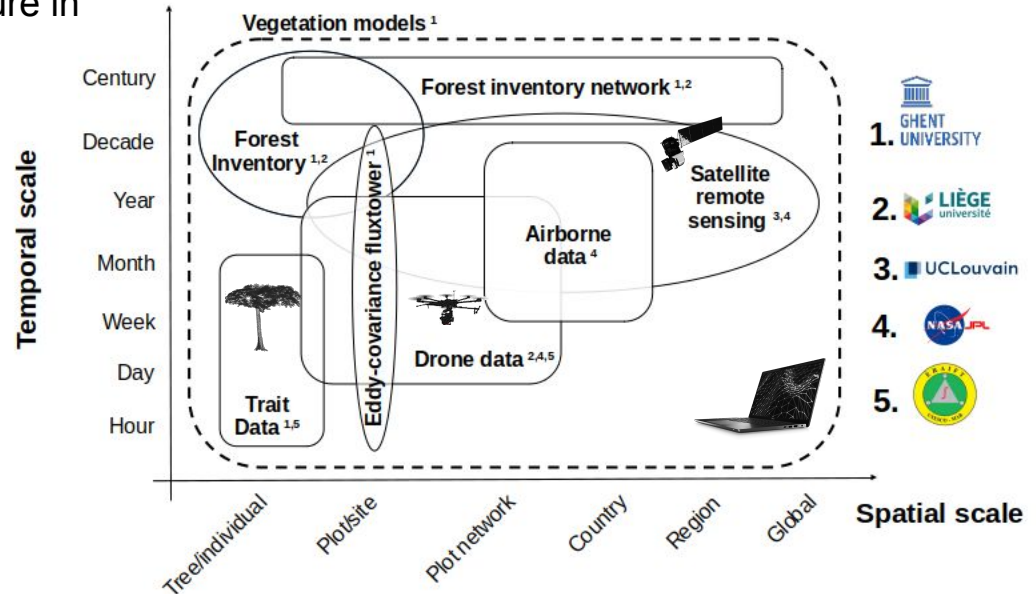
- Unprecedented advances in understanding Congo basin landscape dynamics
- Earth's region with highest expected pressure in the next decades

Experienced consortium

- Complementarity
- Strong and unique expertise in the region

Timely

- Maximizing new field data
- Maximizing recent UAV developments
- Maximizing use of new RS products

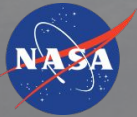




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Questions?

 UCLouvain



Join us!



Felicien.Meunier@Ugent.be
Hans.Verbeeck@Ugent.be

Objective I



Height



Phenological variability



Musanga presence



Canopy roughness

...



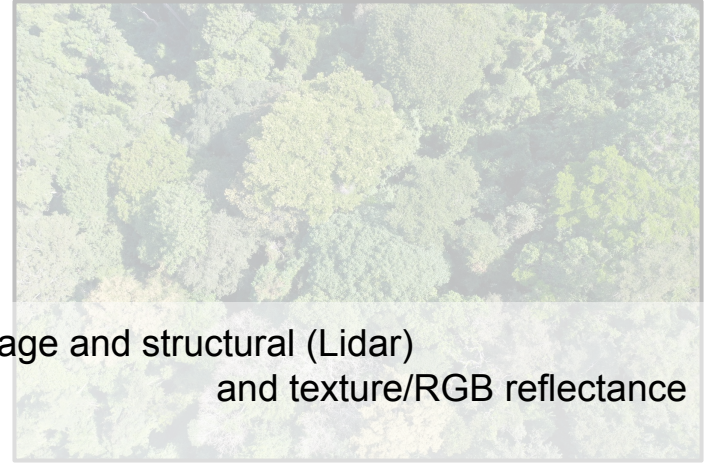
Time since last disturbance



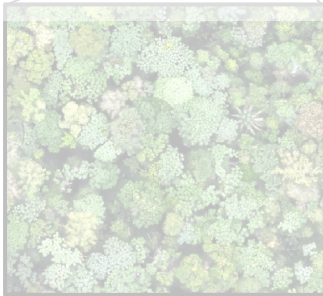
Objective I



Use ground-based data to establish the link between forest age and structural (Lidar) and texture/RGB reflectance



→ **Drone-based landscape scale classification of forest age**

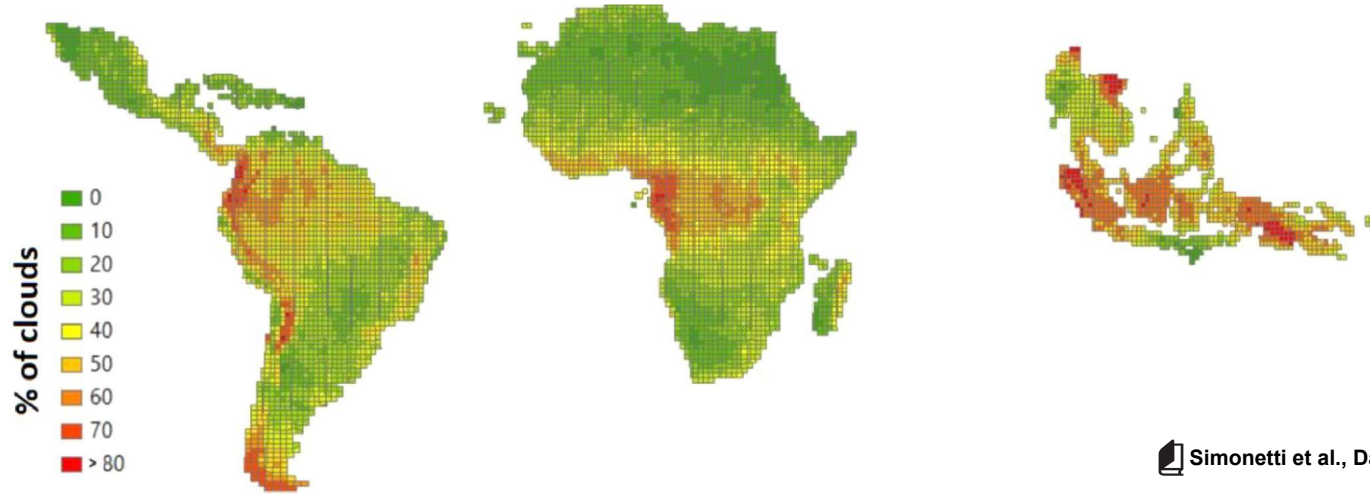



25yo forest patch

Objective II



Cloud-rich region



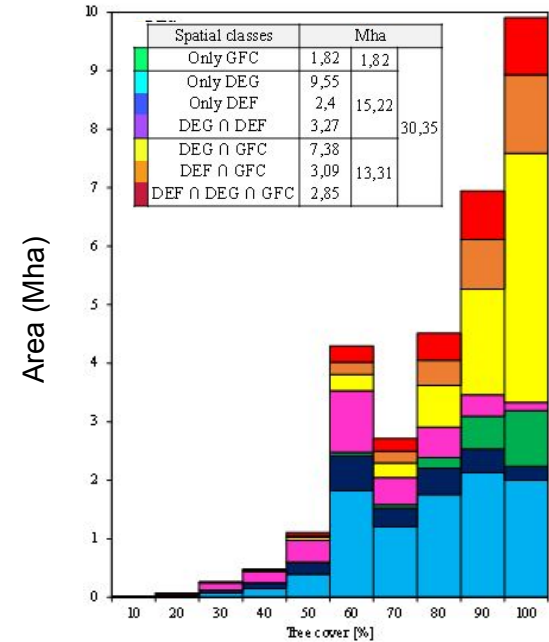
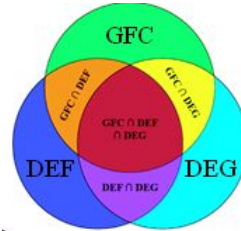
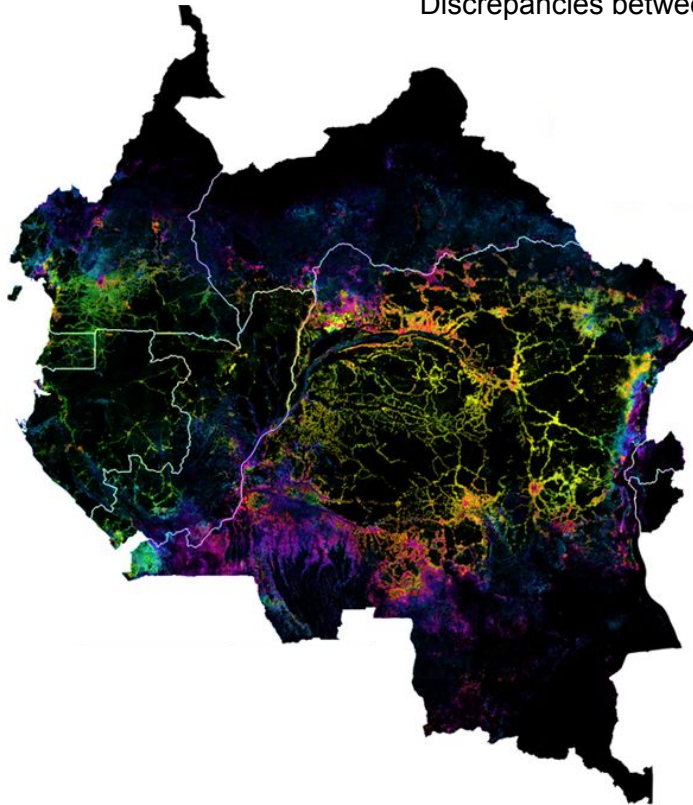
 Simonetti et al., Data in brief, 2021

Objective II



Cloud-rich region

Discrepancies between Landsat-based deforestation monitoring systems



Objective II



Disturbance and Post-disturbance mapping across the Congo basin landscape.

→ **New generation EO and multi-sensor approach to improve our ability to map landscape dynamics**

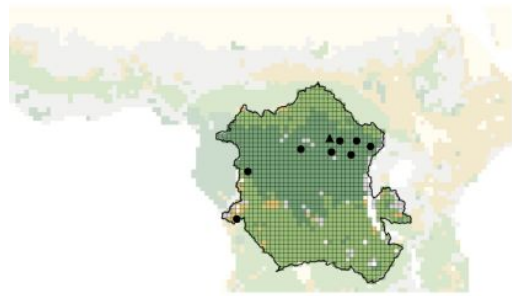
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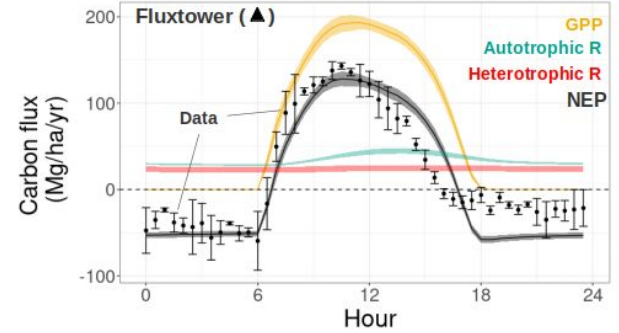
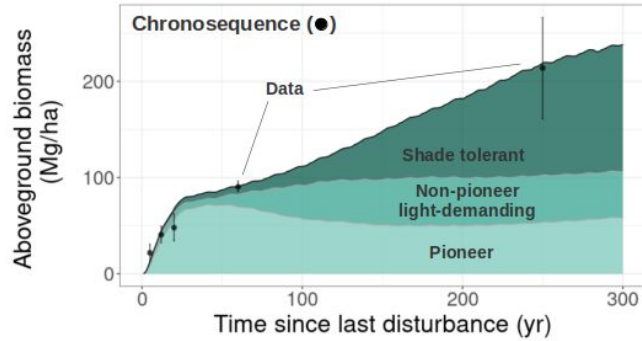
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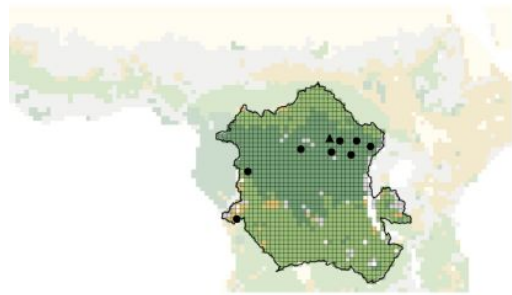
Objective III



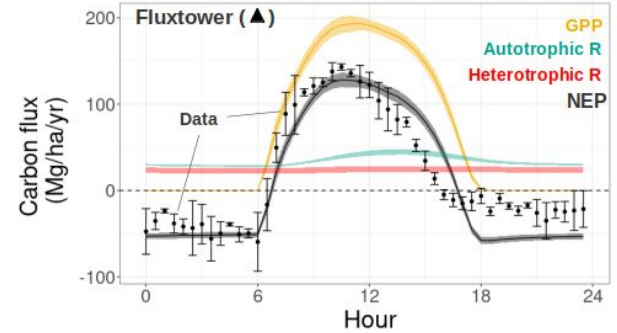
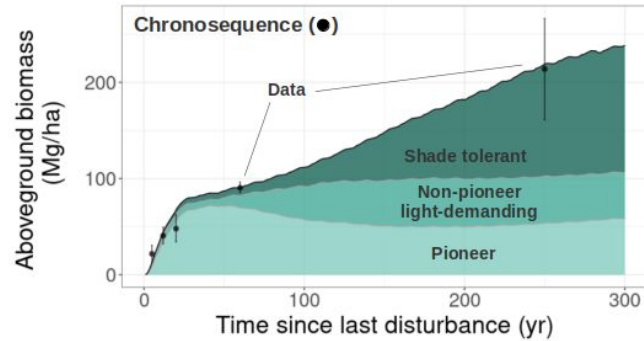
Data for model calibration/validation



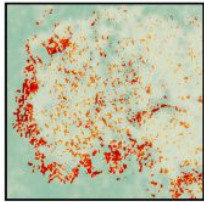
Objective III



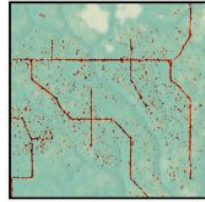
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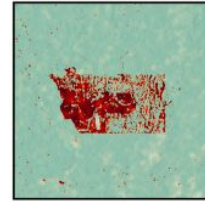
Data as model drivers



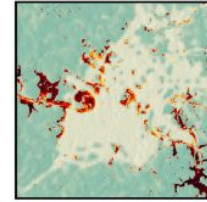
Small-scale agriculture expansion



Roads and selective logging



Oil palm plantation



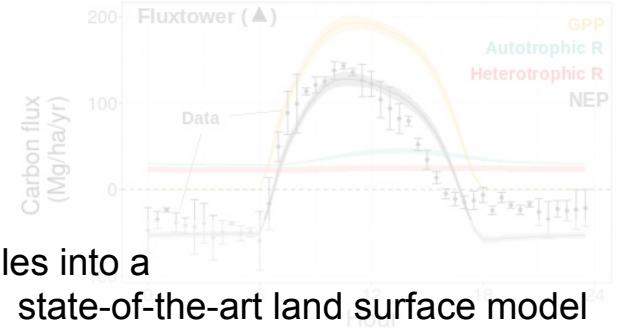
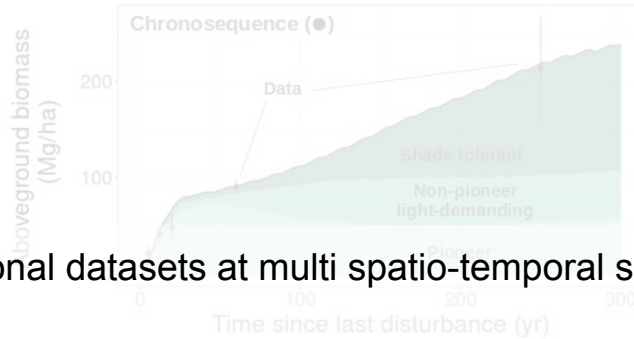
Building a new capital city



Objective III



Data for model calibration/validation



Assimilate up-to-date observational datasets at multi spatio-temporal scales into a state-of-the-art land surface model

→ **Constrained projections of African tropical forest carbon cycle under various climate and land use change scenarios**



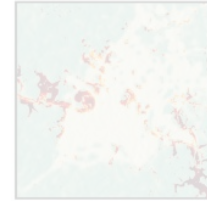
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