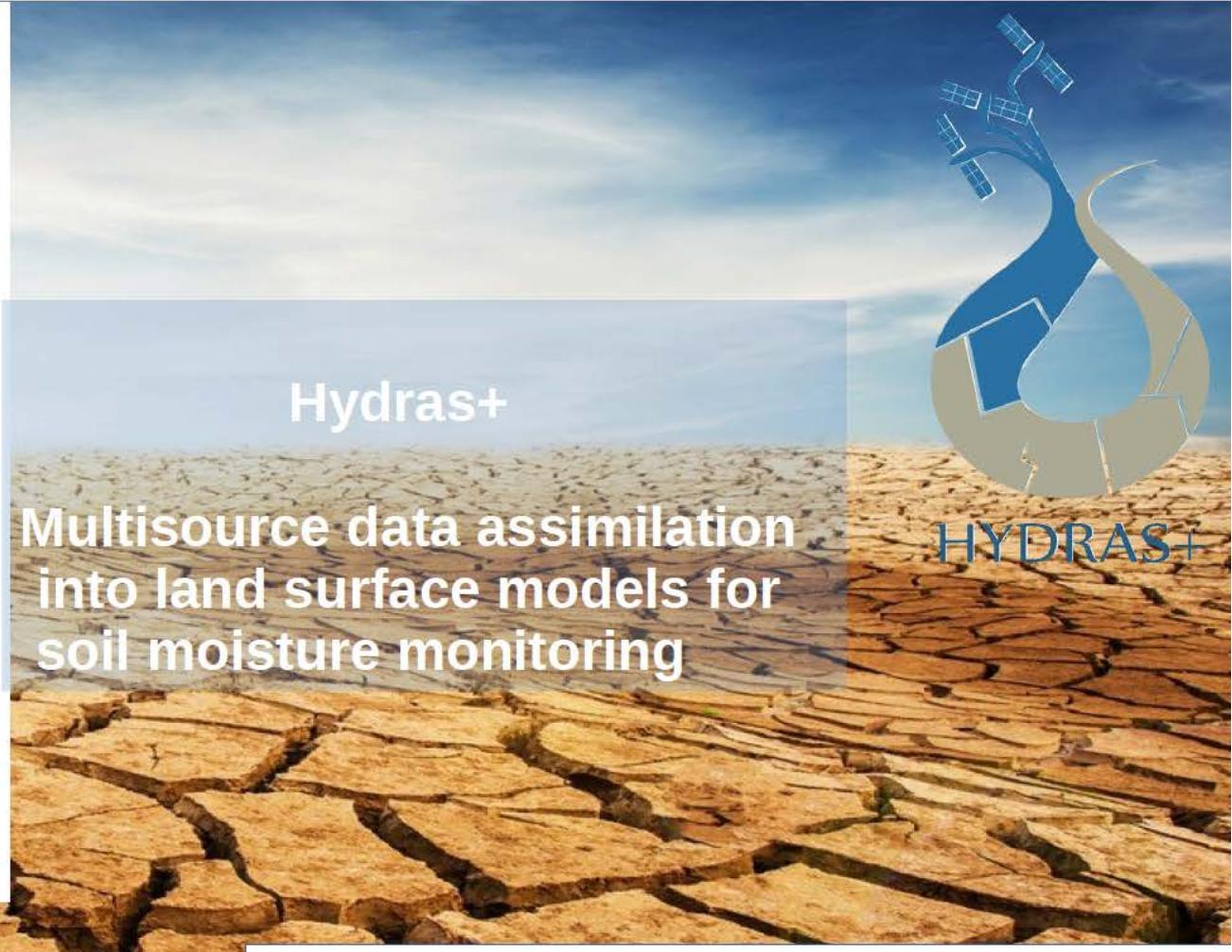


Dominik.Rains@ugent.be



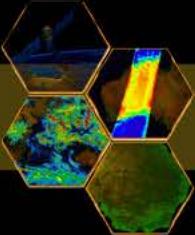
Hydras+

Multisource data assimilation  
into land surface models for  
soil moisture monitoring



LUXEMBOURG  
INSTITUTE  
OF SCIENCE  
AND TECHNOLOGY





## Challenge

Managing hydrological extreme events requires accurate data ...

Hydras+ focuses on improving soil moisture monitoring



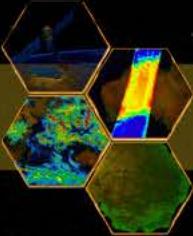
January 13, 2013



January 13, 2014



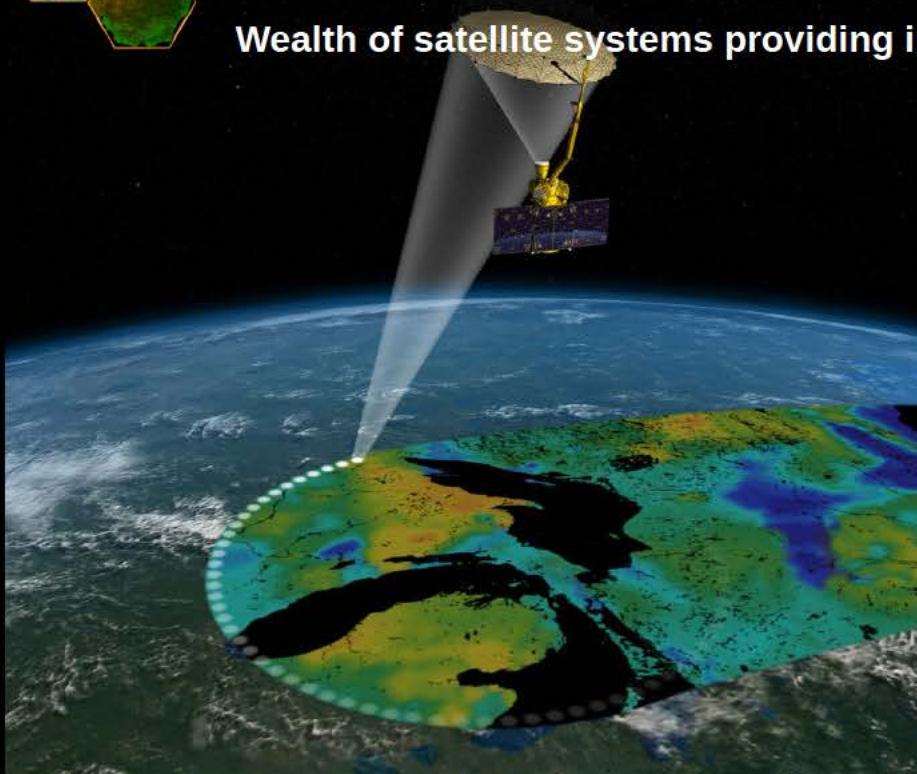
- Soil moisture deficit precedes vegetation reaction and plays a vital role in the evolution of a drought, i.e. further heating of the land surface
- Soil moisture is of great importance for agricultural productivity
- accurate information also improves flood forecasting



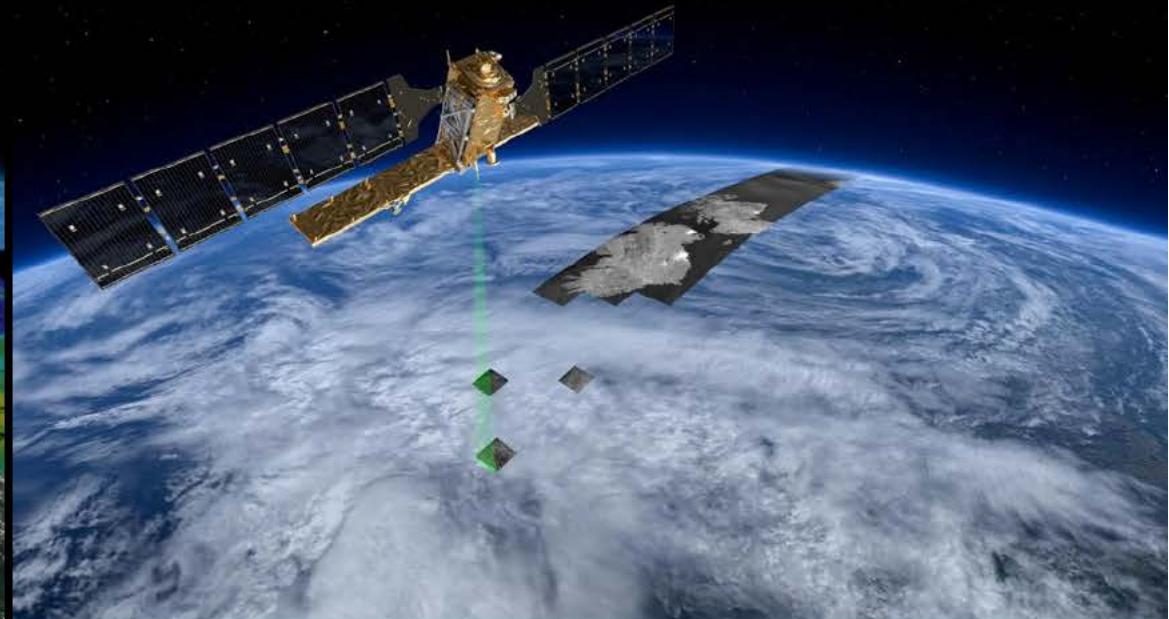
## Opportunity



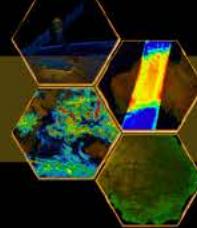
Wealth of satellite systems providing information for land surface conditions...



Passive systems (Radiometers),  
e.g. SMOS and SMAP  
measuring brightness temperatures

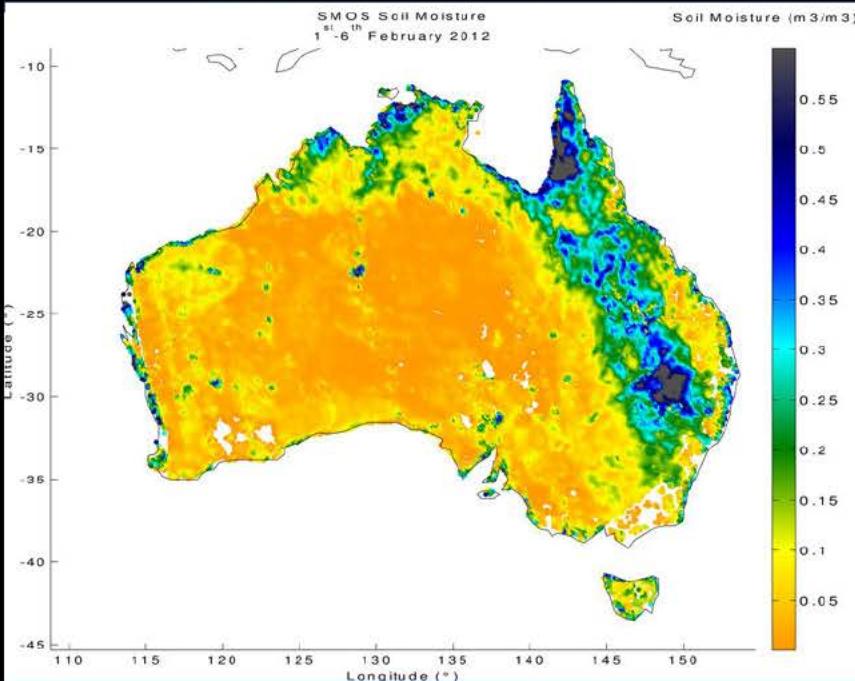


Active systems (SAR or Scatterometers),  
e.g. Sentinel 1 and ASCAT  
measuring backscatter

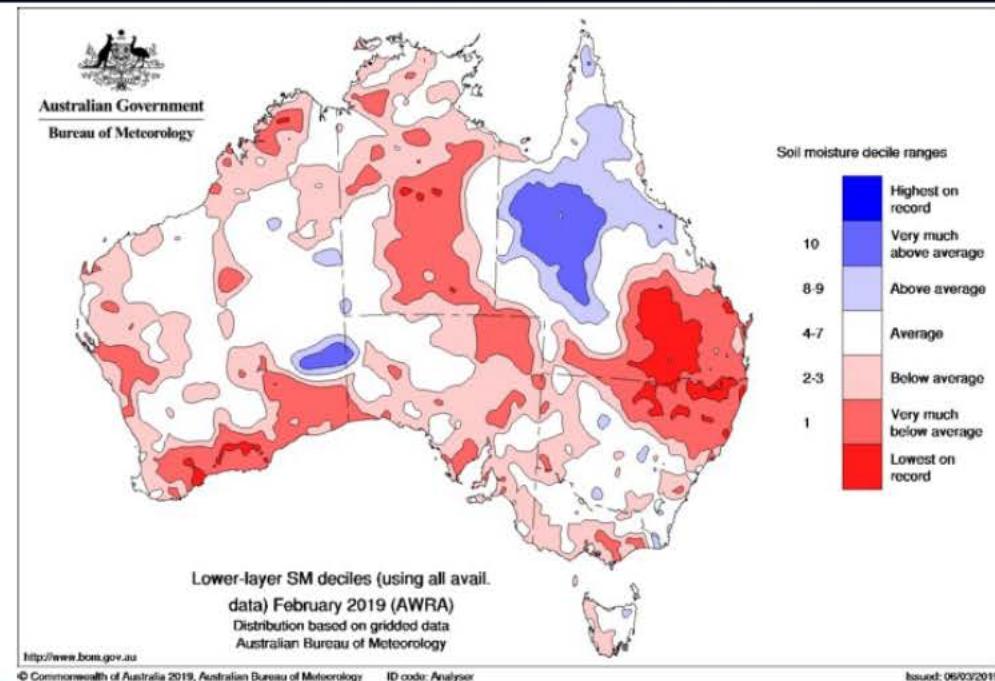


# Shortcomings

## Geophysical retrievals of soil moisture

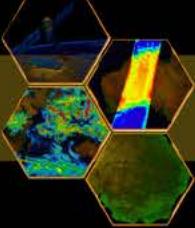


## Requirements from stakeholders



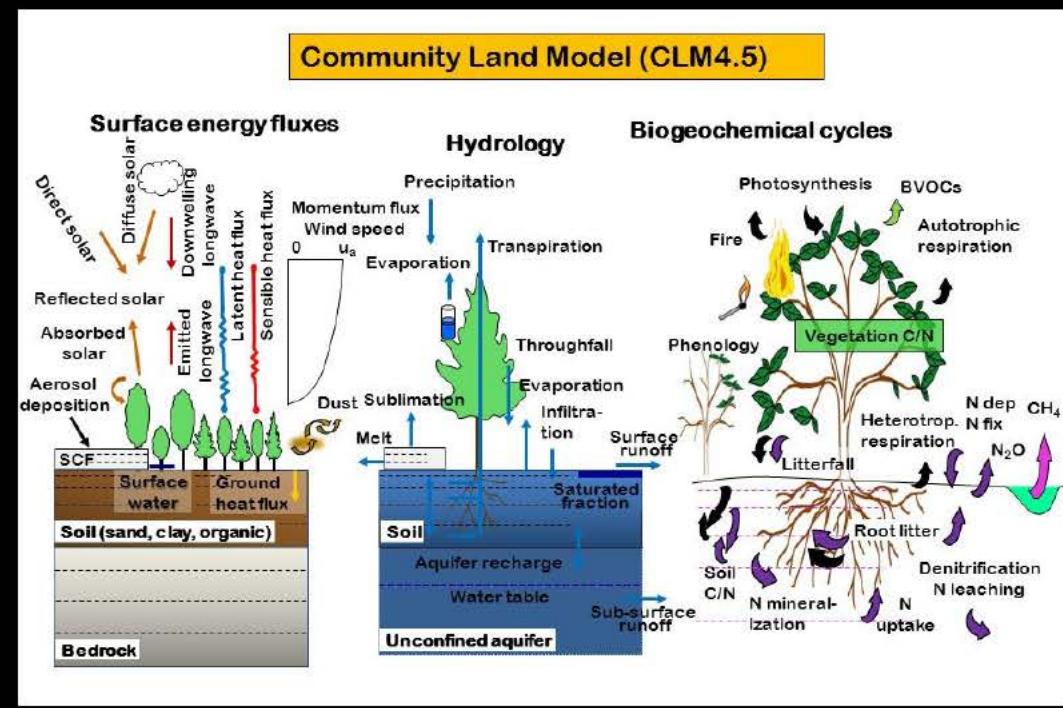
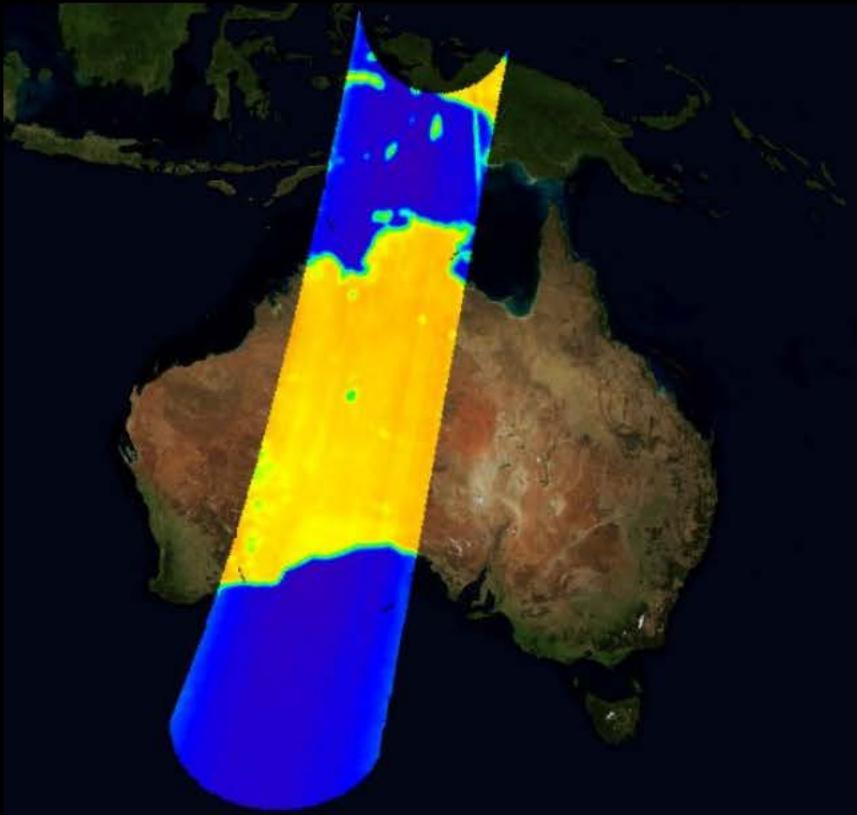
- complex and require ancillary data (vegetation, temperature etc..)
- limited to space and time of satellite overpass
- often don't come with uncertainties

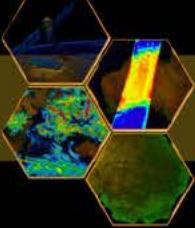
- Continuous data required for robust statistics (probabilities)
- Information on uncertainty useful
- forecasts should be possible



# Methodology

## Assimilation of Level 1 observations into land surface models





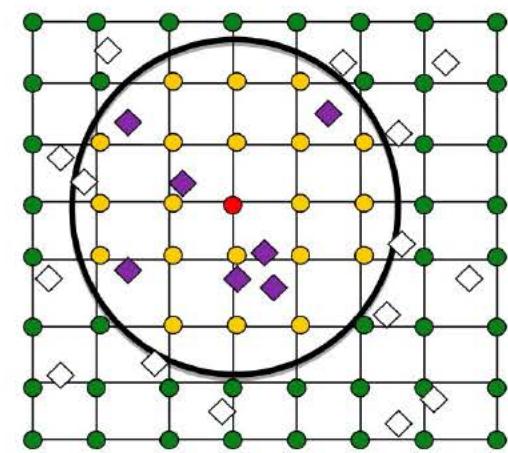
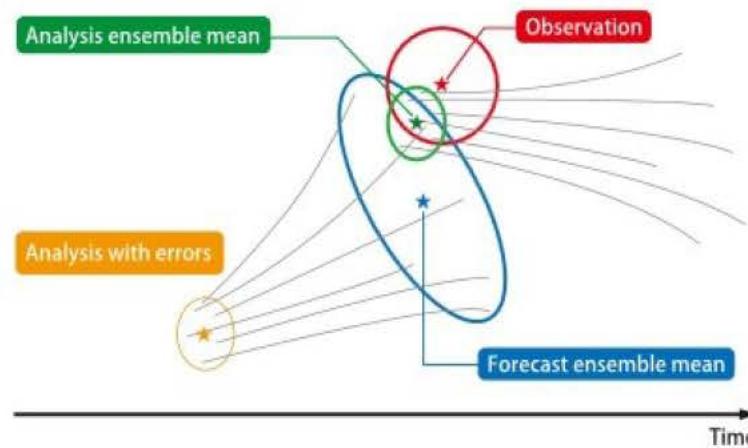
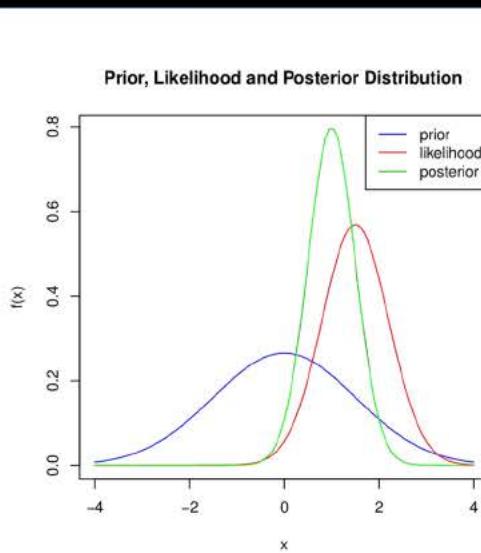
# Methodology

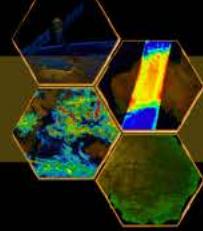
Data assimilation tackles some important issues ...

1. Uncertainty of observation and model is taken into account

2. Because model is used data is spatially and temporally continuous

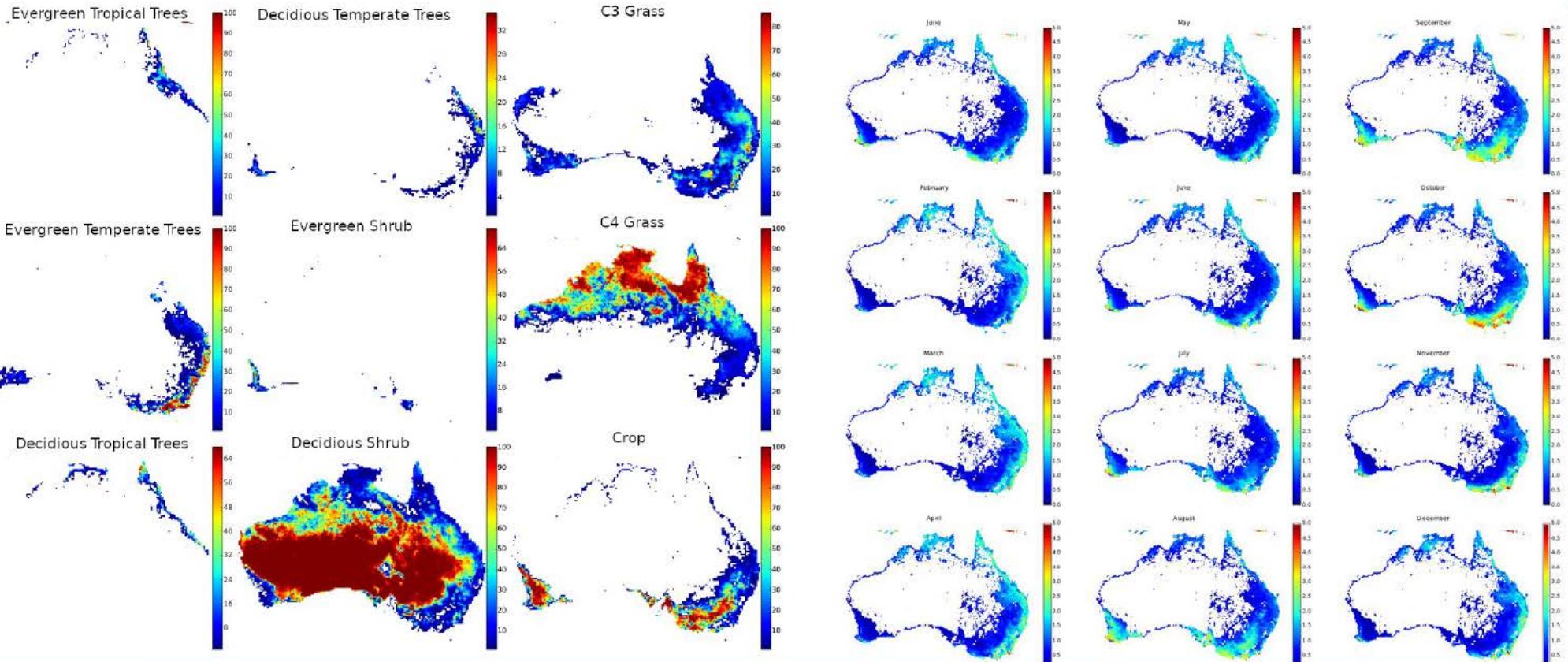
3. Multiple observations can be used to update model making analysis more robust, gaps can be filled

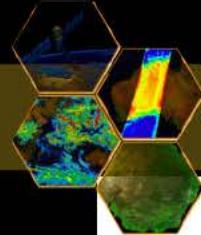




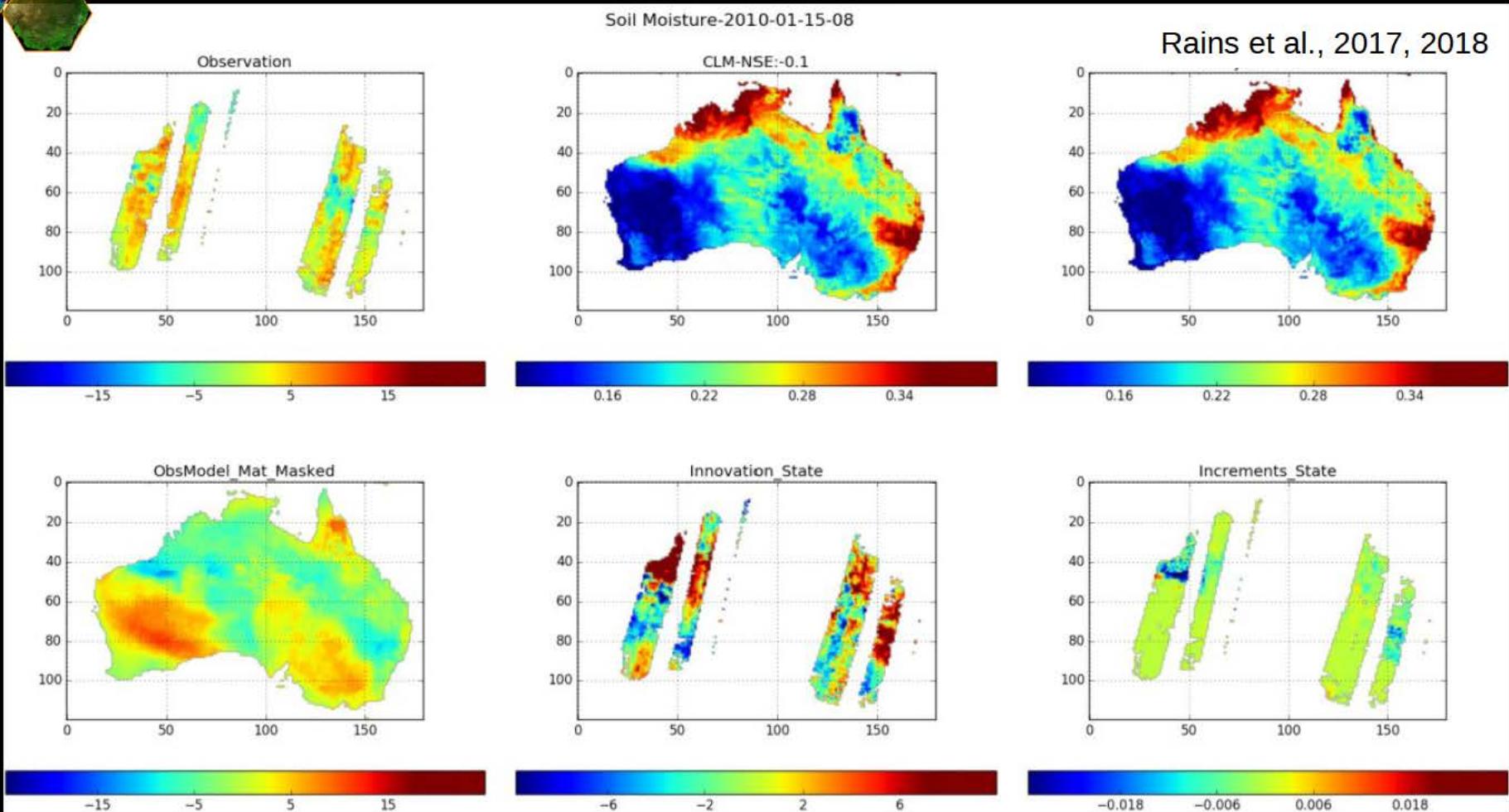
# Methodology

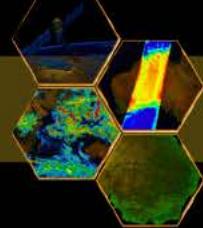
Land surface requires precise description





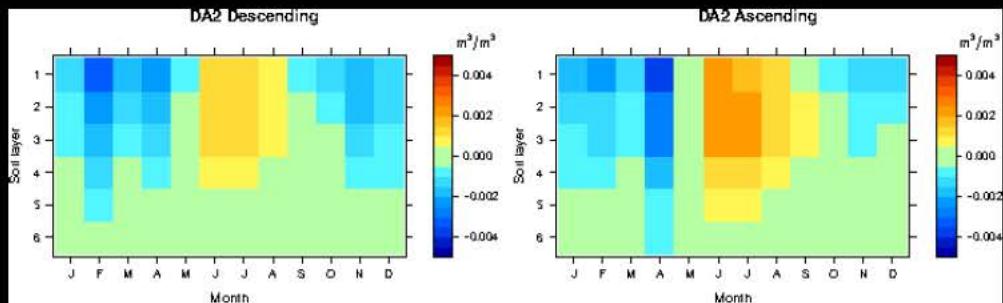
## Methodology



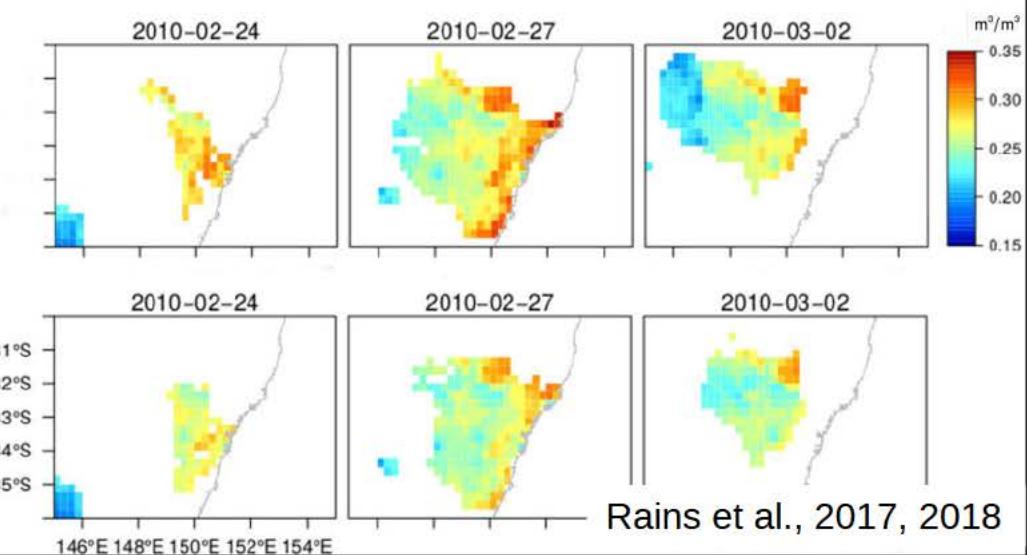
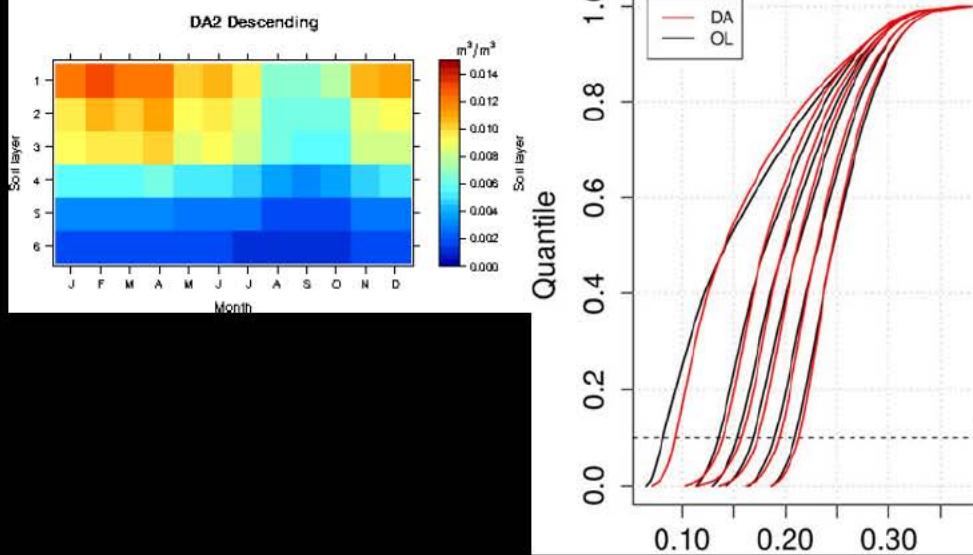


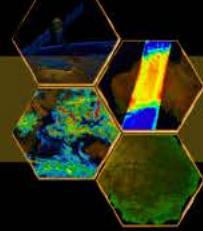
## Results

### Long-term assimilation of SMOS brightness temperatures into CLM over Australia



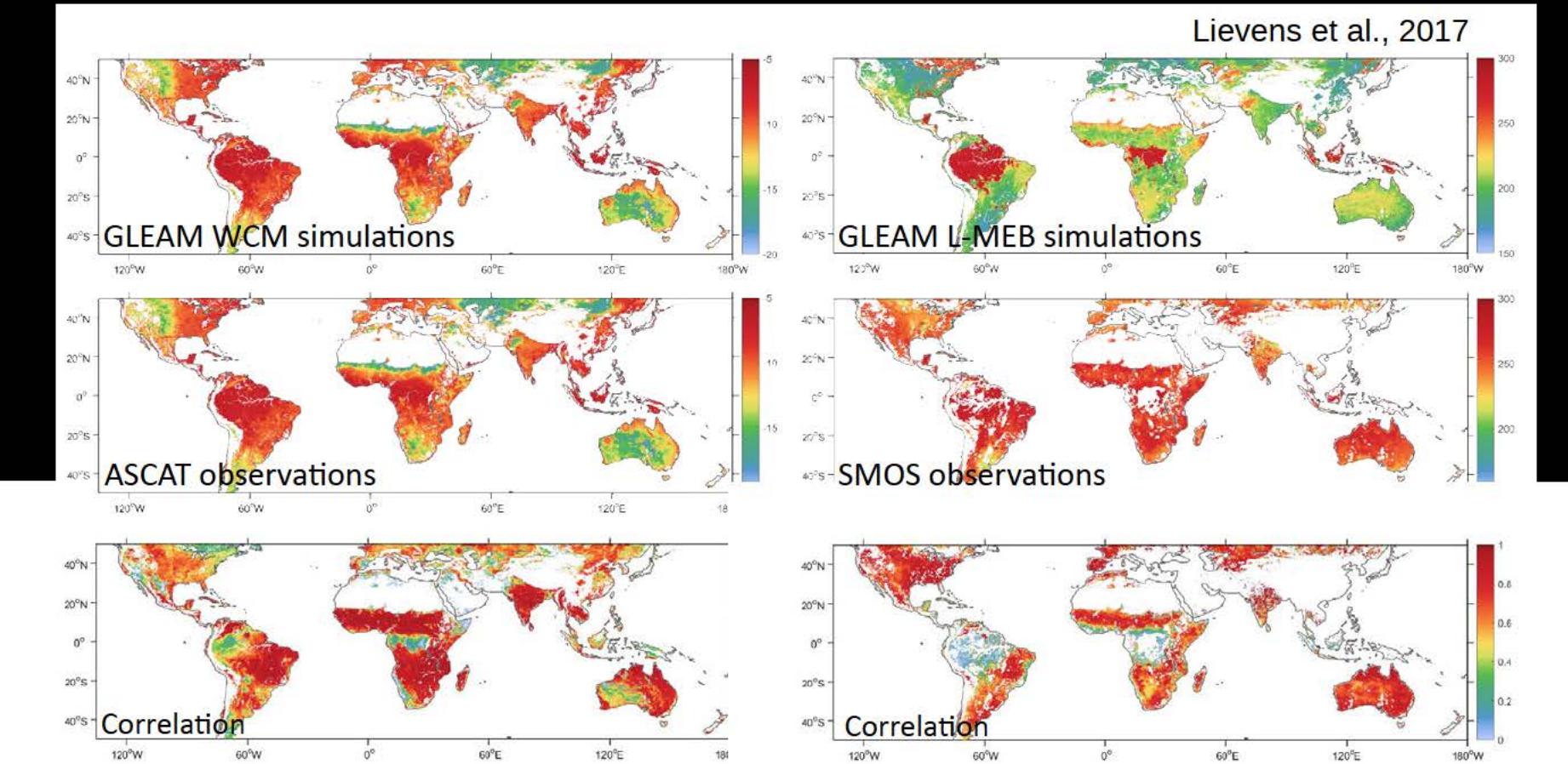
Long-term affects on soil moisture quantiles and root-zone soil moisture relevant for monitoring applications

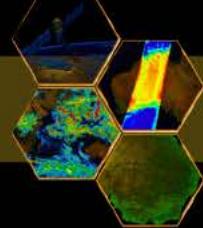




## Results

### Simultaneous assimilation of ASCAT and SMOS into GLEAM

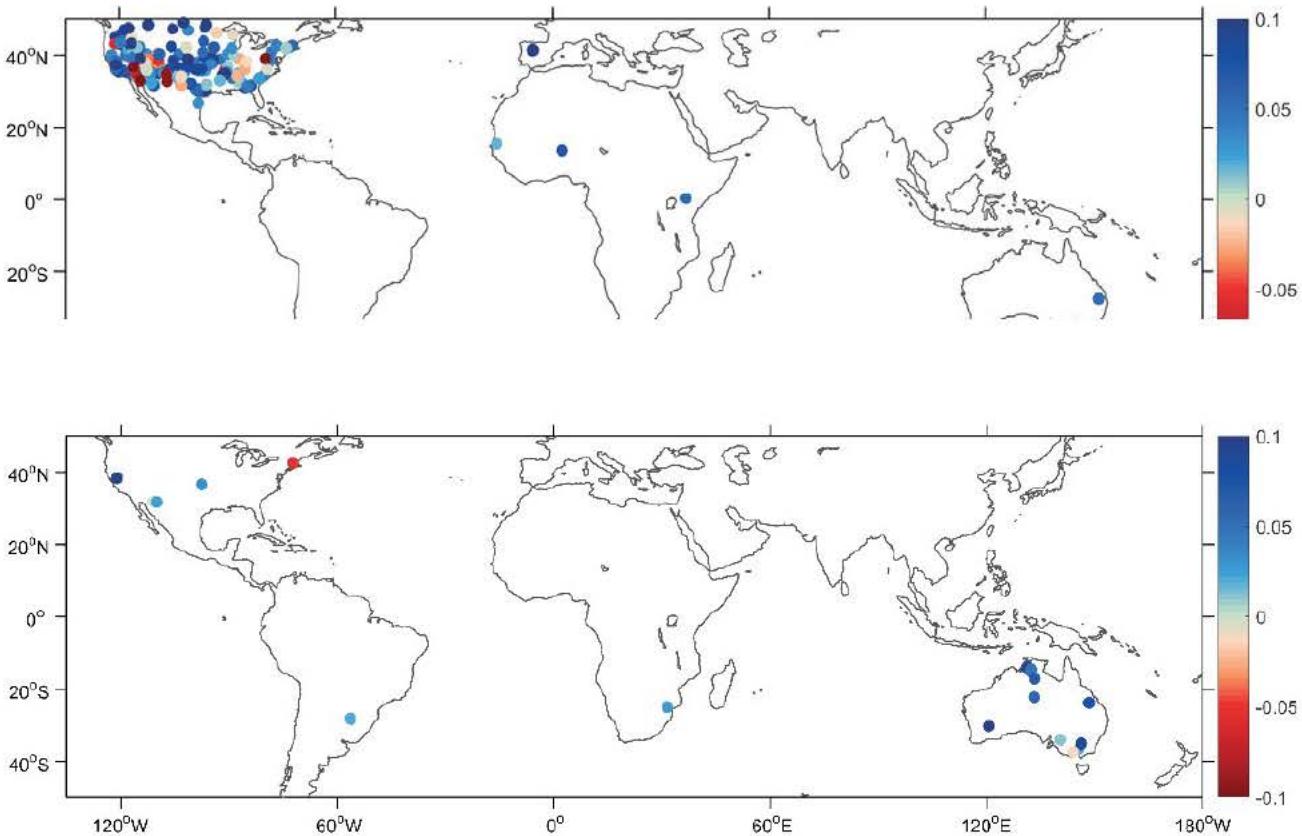
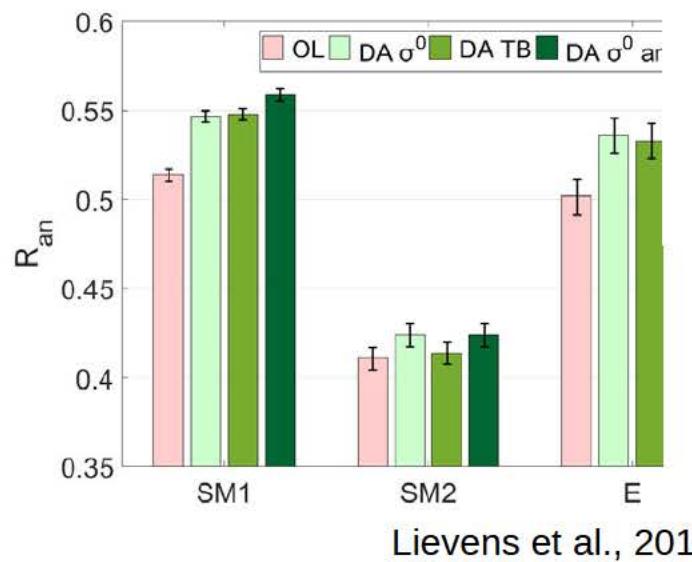


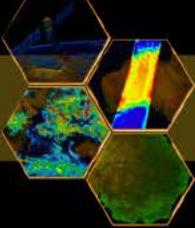


## Results

### Simultaneous assimilation of ASCAT and SMOS into CLEAM

Added value of assimilating two types of observations:  
brightness temperatures and backscatter





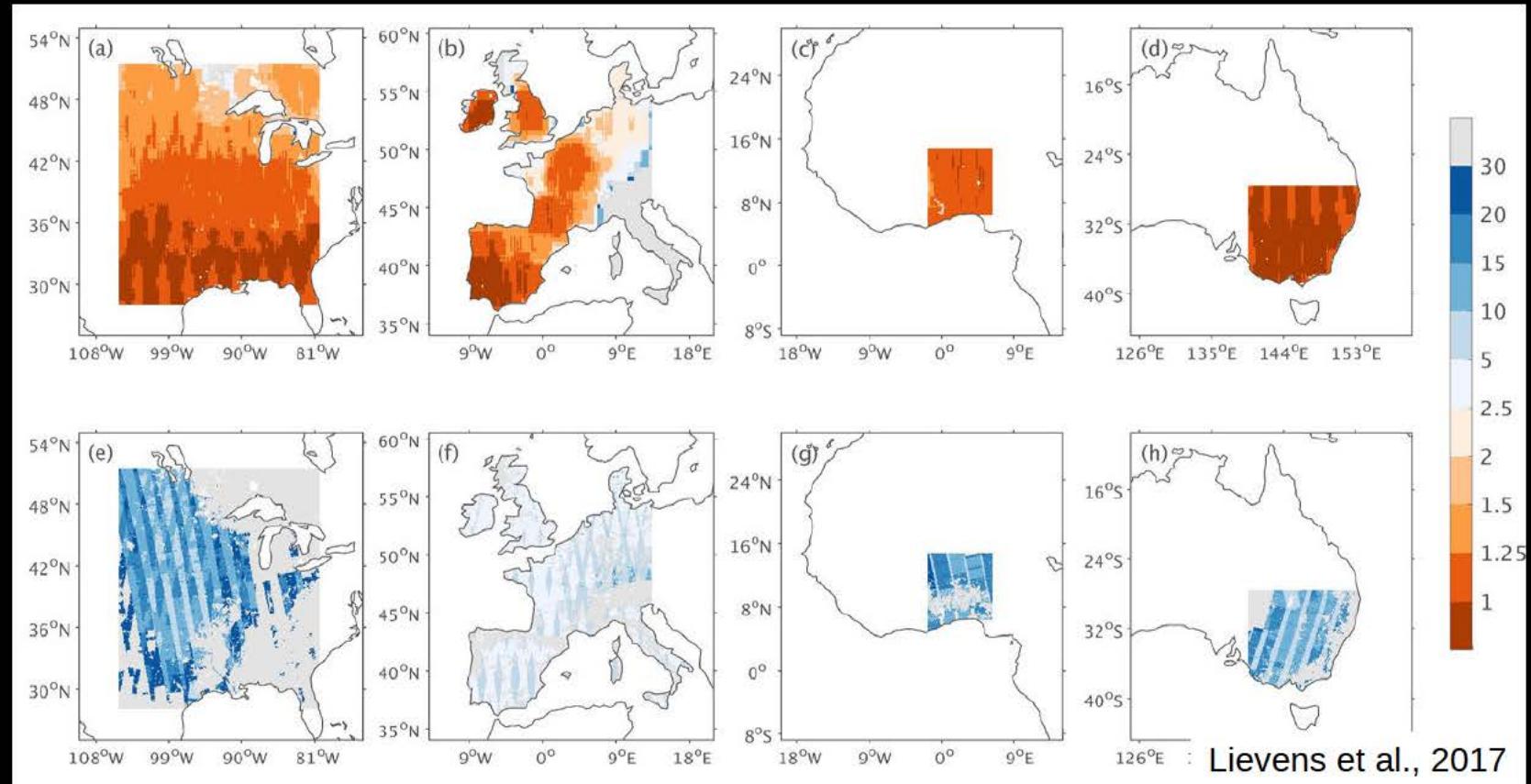
# Results

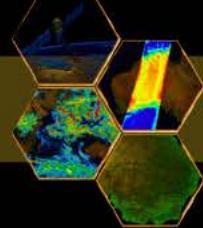
## Simultaneous assimilation of Sentinel 1 and SMAP into CLSM

Number of observations

SMAP TB

Sentinel-1  $\sigma^0$





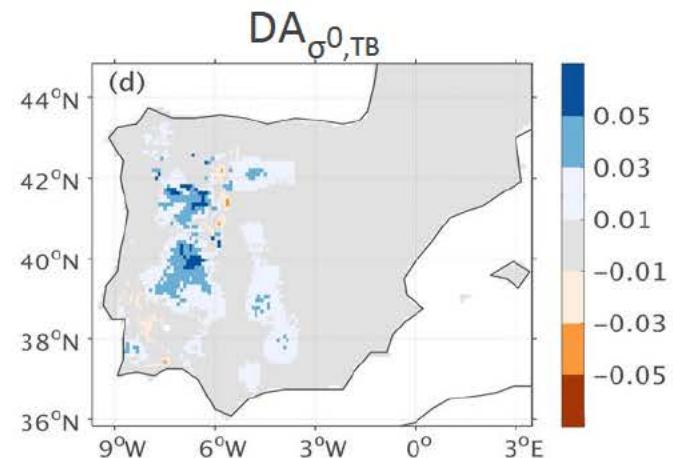
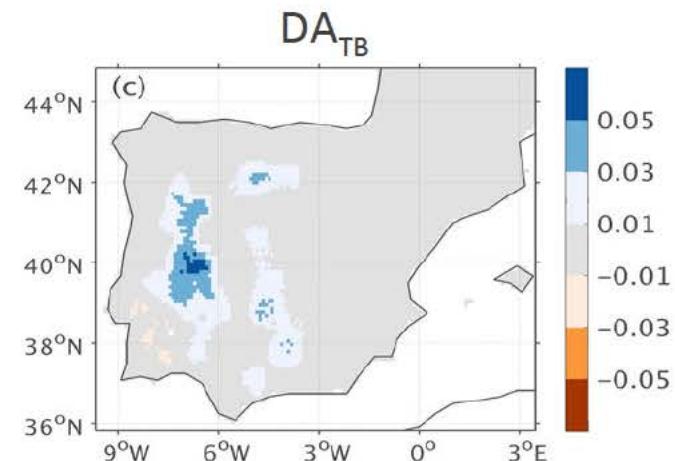
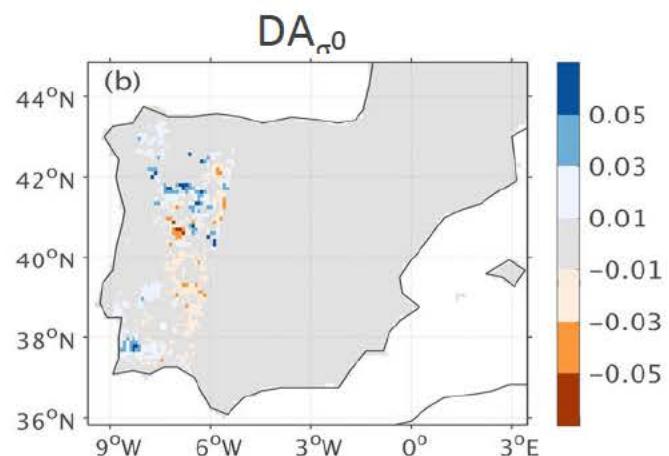
## Results

### Simultaneous assimilation of Sentinel 1 and SMAP into CLSM

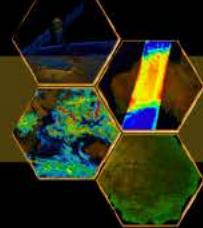
$DA_{\sigma^0}$  in 1D has more spatial detail (local hydrologic conditions)

$DA_{TB}$  in 3D is smoother and extra/interpolated over unobserved grid cells

$DA_{\sigma^0, TB}$  in 1D & 3D combines assets of both



Lievens et al., 2017

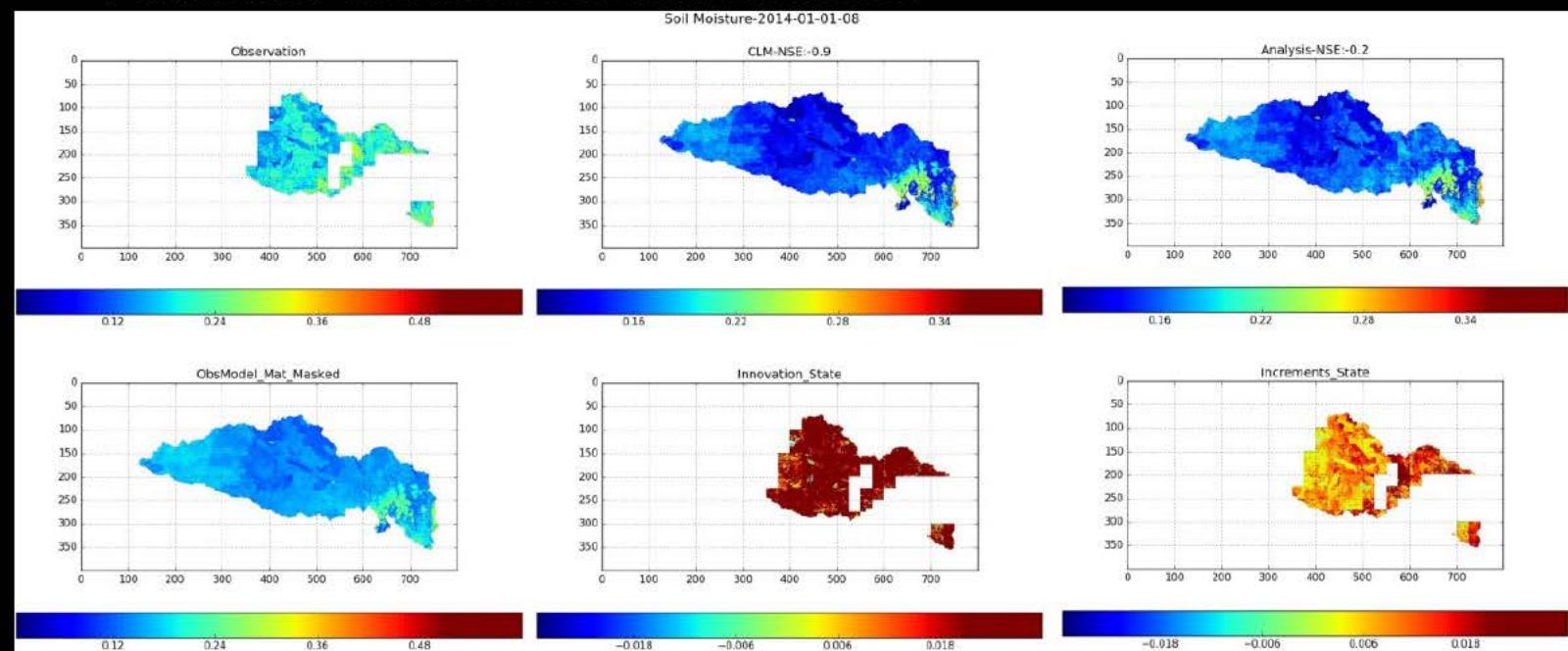
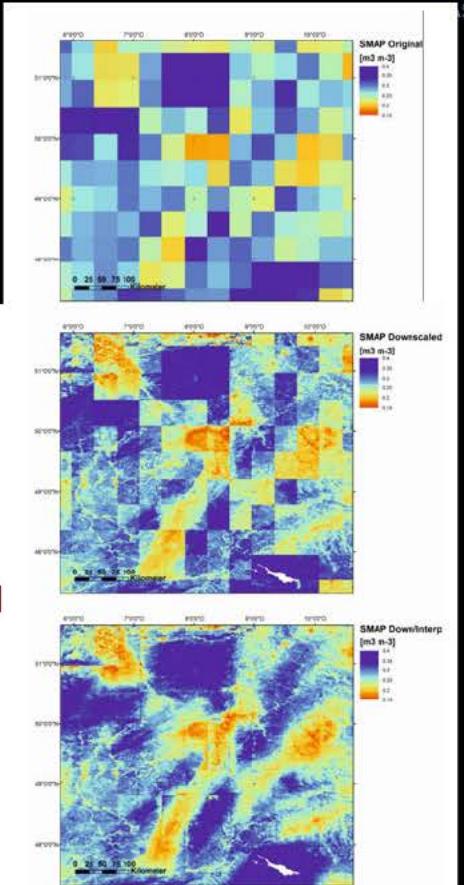


# Results

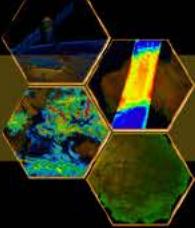
## Downscaling of coarse-scale observations

Coarse-scale observations are downscaled using fine resolution information from land surface model, e.g. either soil moisture or simulated brightness temperatures

→ downscaled observations can then be assimilated



Montzka et al., 2018

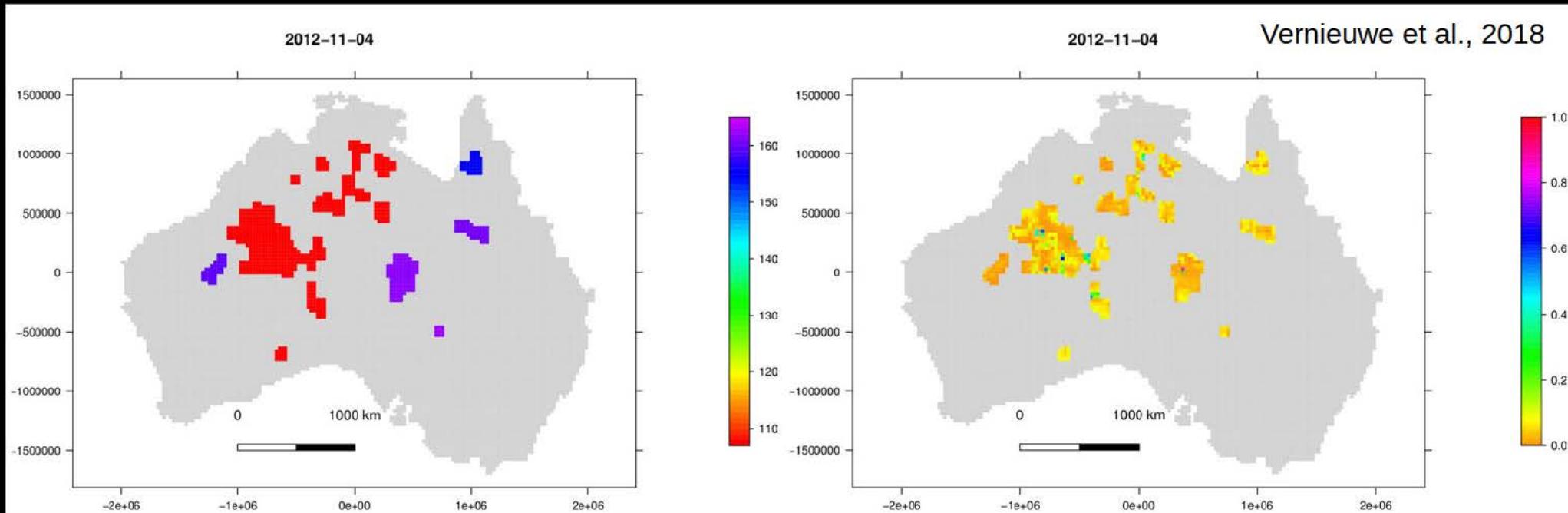


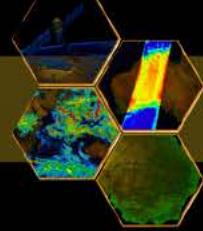
## Results



### Drought clustering and classification with Copula approach

Droughts, such as defined at a specific quantile level, can be tracked over space and time.  
→ Classification using intensity, duration and spatial extent.

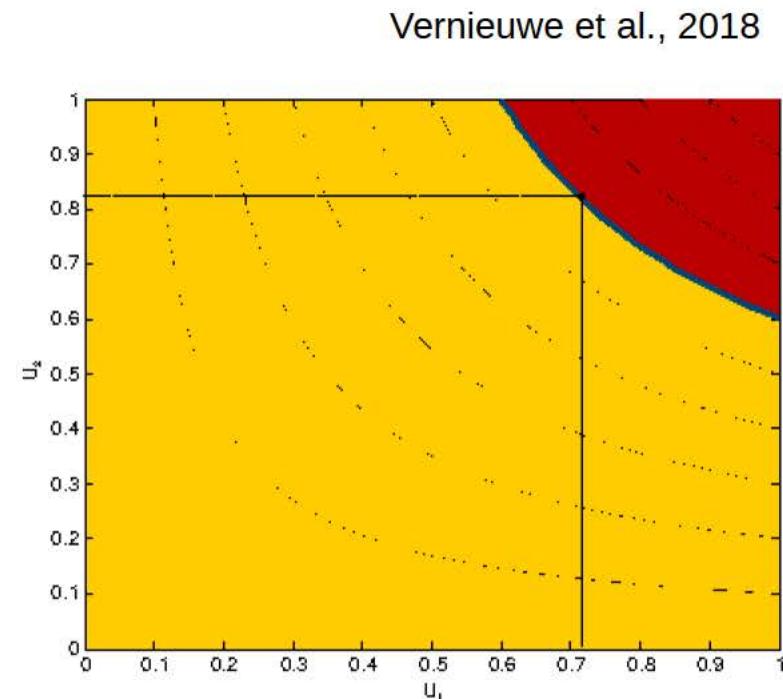
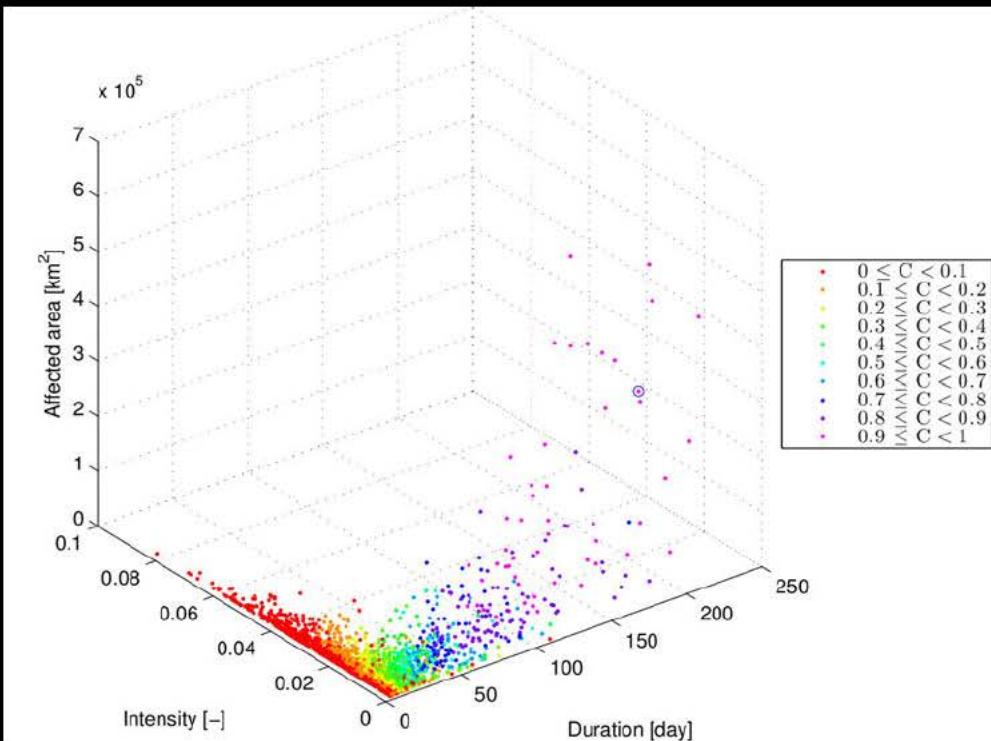




## Results

### Drought clustering and classification with Copula approach

Different applications possible, such as computing the likelihood of a super-critical event.



## Publications:

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- Baghdadi N., Zribi M., Paloscia S., Verhoest N.E.C., Lievens H., Baup F., Mattia F., Semi-empirical calibration of the Integral Equation Model for co-polarized L-band backscattering, *Remote Sensing*, 7, 13626-13640, 2015.
- Choker M., Baghdadi N., Zribi M., El Hajj M., Paloscia S., Verhoest N.E.C., Lievens H., Mattia F., Evaluation of the Oh, Dubois and IEM backscatter models using a large dataset of SAR data and experimental soil measurements, *Water*, 9(1), 38, 2017.
- Hostache, R., Chini, M., Giustarini, L., Neal, J., Kavetski, D., Wood, M., Corato, G., Pelich, R. M., and P. Matgen., Near-real-time assimilation of SAR derived flood maps for improving flood forecasts, *Water Resources Research*, 54(8):5516-5535, 2018.
- Lievens H., Al Bitar A., Verhoest N.E.C., Cabot F., De Lannoy G.J.M., Drusch M., Dumedah G., Hendricks Franssen H.J., Kerr Y., Kumar Tomer S., Martens B., Merlin O., Pan M., van den Berg M.J., Vereecken H., Walker J., Wood E.F., Pauwels V.R.N., Optimization of a radiative transfer forward operator for simulating SMOS brightness temperatures over the Upper Mississippi Basin, USA, *Journal of Hydrometeorology*, 16(3), 1109-1134, 2015.
- Lievens H., De Lannoy G.J.M., Al Bitar A., Drusch M., Dumedah G., Hendricks Franssen H.-J., Kerr Y.H., Tomer S.K., Martens B., Merlin O., Pang M., Roundy J.K., Vereecken H., Walker J.P., Wood E.F., Verhoest N.E.C., Pauwels V.R.N., Assimilation of SMOS soil moisture and brightness temperature products into a land surface model, *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 180, 292-304, 2016.
- Lievens H., Kumar Tomer S., Al Bitar A., De Lannoy G.J.M., Drusch M., Dumeda G., Hendricks Franssen H.-J., Kerr Y.H., Pang M., Roundy J. K., Vereecken H., Walker J.P., Wood E.F., Verhoest N.E.C., Pauwels V.R.N., SMOS soil moisture assimilation for improved streamflow simulation in the Murray Darling Basin, Australia, *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 168, 146-162, 2015.
- Lievens H., Martens B., Verhoest N.E.C., Hahn S., Miralles D., Assimilation of global radar backscatter and radiometer brightness temperature observations to improve soil moisture and land evaporation estimates, *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 189, 194–210, 2017.
- Lievens, H., Reichle, R. H., Liu, Q., De Lannoy, G. J. M., Dunbar, R. S., Kim, S. B., Das, N. N., Cosh, M., Walker, J. P., Wagner, W., Joint Sentinel-1 and SMAP data assimilation to improve soil moisture estimates, *Geophysical Research Letters*, 44, 6145-6153, 2017.
- Lorenz, C., C. Montzka, T. Jagdhuber, P. Laux, Kunstmänn H., Long-term and high-resolution global time series of brightness temperature from Copula-based fusion of SMAP Enhanced and SMOS data. *Remote Sensing* 10(11), 1842, 2018.
- Montzka, C., H. R. Bogena, M. Zreda, A. Monerris, R. Morrison, S. Muddu, H. Vereecken H., Validation of spaceborne and modelled surface soil moisture products with cosmic-ray neutron probes. *Remote Sensing* 9(2), 103, 2017.
- Montzka, C., K. Rötzer, H.R. Bogena, N. Sanchez, Vereecken H., A new soil moisture downscaling approach for SMAP, SMOS and ASCAT by predicting sub-grid variability. *Remote Sensing* 10(3), 427, 2018.
- Naz, B.S., W. Kurtz, C. Montzka, W. Sharples, K. Goergen, J. Keune, H. Gao, A. Springer, H.-J. Hendricks Franssen, and S. Kollet: Improving soil moisture and runoff simulations over Europe using a high-resolution data-assimilation modeling framework. *Hydrology and Earth System Sciences*, 23, 77-301, 2019.
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- Verhoest N.E.C., van den Berg M.J., Martens B., Lievens H., Wood E.F., Pan M., Kerr Y., Al Bitar A., Tomer S.K., Drusch M., Vernieuwe H., De Baets B., Walker J., Dumedah G., Pauwels V.R.N., Copula-based downscaling of coarse-scale soil moisture observations with implicit bias correction, *IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing*, 53(6), 3507-3521, 2015

**Thank you.**